Daily Democrat

PERMS OF DAILY DEMOCRAT TO THE

Notice to Correspondents. We respectfully ask that our correspondents will for-ward by the Express Messengers, from all points where there are Express facilities, letters giving important

We make this request with the view of obtaining promptly such correspondence as frequently falls to reach us through the mails until it has grown old and

War with England.

The affair of the Trent excites great in terest, and very naturally. A war with England is a matter of great gravity, and will not be lightly engaged in. The rebels are delighted at the prospect, for they seem to think it would secure the result they have so much at heart-the division and destruction of the Great Republic How an American can tolerate the humiliation of the stars and stripes, by our hereditary enemy, we don't see, except that passion and prejudice will stop at no humiliation to gain an end. They are, in our opinion, much mistaken in the effect. England could give help on the ocean to the rebels: but she would suffer on the ocean eventually. She has tried this country on that element before, and won no laurels. Her commerce in this part of the world would cost her far more than it would come to. This she will consider, as well as many other things, before she rushes into war with this country. She will be divided at home almost as much as this country, and she will run the risk of complications in Europe that might prove very disastrous. . Indeed, England knows that the experiment would be very dangerous. What good would opening the blockade do strongest ties to bind them together. But if the ports were in the possession of the when we find this region inhabited by the if the ports were in the possession of the Union troops, which may be the case before she can get ready to fight? She has a formidable navy; but she has use for it, without any war with us. She can spare but a small portion of her navy from other parts of the world without leaving herself exposed where she cou ill afford it.

After all, our foreign relations are at home. Strike this rebellion quick and fast, and England will be slow to mix herself up in the melee. On the contrary, a protracted war will render the rest of the world impatient for some result.

The Trent affair, we do not believe, will lead to immediate war, or to war itself alone. If it shall appear that Mason and Slidell were not taken from the Trent in strict accordance with the law of nations. then it is no discredit to release them; if it were justified by international law, it is no offense to England. It is a question for diplomats to settle. At first sight it seems a plain case. Ministers and dispatches are contraband of war; but the Trent was sailing from one neutral port to another, and the question is, whether there could be contraband of war between neutral ports? Contraband of war loses its character after it reaches a neutral port, it is contended, Indies and Europe. They will float much Abolitionist, bent on doing far more misficulty which arises. This Southern concern is not acknowledged as a belligerent by this country. Mason and Slidell are only rebels, and the question is, can a man be arrested on a British ship on the ground of a political offense? Indeed, could we take an offender against our laws from a British ship? We presume not. The British authorities may require us to regard Mason and Slidell according to our own doctrine. If the Trent had been carrying Mason and Slidell from one of our own ports, not under blockade, she would be safe, unless we regarded them as ministers of a belligerent

Upon the whole, there are two sides to the question, and it is not so plain on ours as it would seem at first sight; and if the law of different view, and congratulates himself nations do not bear us out, it would be much more discreditable to persevere in the wrong than to rectify it. It is unworthy of be turned to soberness, if not a great power to plunge into war in a

We object to giving up that old specimen of superanuated dignity, Mason, and that proved sufficient to destroy the several political bruiser, Slidell. They are as guilty as such natures as theirs could be. Their conduct has cost thousands of lives, and their impunity in guilt is very unpalatable; but we should feel gratified if the Southern Confederacy had forty such ministers in Europe. Their personal worthlessness is a fair example of the Southern Confederacy. We have a repugnance to giving them up; but we should not retain them it shall be inhabited by one dorminant race, contrary to the laws of nations. Mason will die of dignity, if he is released. He will set it down to his own personal merit-his greatness. Slidell will set it down as the happy results of his low craft. They will then get over to England and expose themselves in their original littleness.

We are anxious that our Government should keep itself right; not that we expect to escape war with England finally. Let her put herself in the wrong, however, which she will do if this contest is prolonged. We don't dread her power at all. We can make her sick of the job before she is through, and make the rebels wish they never had her help. England has wanted to divide this country, and gloats over the prospect. She can hardly contain herself in her eagerness. Let her make her opportunity and be ready for her. She is too anxious on the subject to keep out of the

The resolution that passed the Lower House of Congress ferbidding the army to return fagitive slaves was, no doubt. intended by some to spite the South. The truth is, however, it is not the business of the army to return or protect fugitive slaves. It has nothing to do with slaves. They are to be managed by the civil authorities. Let these authorities remain at their posts and attend to their duties; the army has other business to do

Secretary Welles, of the Navy Department, employed a brother-in-law to buy sailing vessels, by which the said brother-in-law made \$75,000 in a few months. Hadn't Welles better retire along with his brother, Cameron?

The President has removed Phelps from his command for his Abolition proclamation. All right,

The Rebellion and its Results.

"And as to those partial commotions and insurrections, which sometimes disquiet society, from the intrigues of an inconsiderable faction, or from sudden or occasional ill humors, that do not infest the great body of the community—the General Government could command more extensive resources for the suppression of disturbances of that kind, than would be in the power of any single number. And as to those mortal feuds, which, in certain conjunctures, spread a configration through a whole nation, or through a very large portion of it, proceeding either from weighty causes of discontent given by the Government, or from the contagion of some violent popular consult history, or take an enlarged view of human nature. The wars of England and France, and the present relations of those two governments; the wars between England and Scotland, and the present happy union of those two consults. form of Government can always either avoid or control them. It is in vain to hope to guard against events too mighty for human foresight or precaution, and it would be idle to ebject to a Government because it could not perform impossibilities."-Federalist, p. 87.

Mr. Hamilton was urging the Union of the States-or, more accurately, an Union of the peoples of the several States—under one Government. A reason given was that "more resources" for the "suppression of disturbances" * * * "than any single number." This is suggestive. It remains to be seen whether this rebellion is "one of those 'mortal feuds' which has really spread a conflagration through a whole nation. Is it one of those "violent popular paroxysms" that "commonly amount to revolu-tions and dismemberments of empire?" It is believed it is not. But as paroxysms are progressive, as well as contagious, it is feared by some it may become such. Should it reach the white heat of political passion. and sever the ties that bind us, the effect must, from the force of circumstances, be temporary. NATURE would blend into one nation different races of civilized man inhabiting the splendid and diversified regions between the Lakes and the Gulf. The very diversities of soil and climate found within that range, when coupled with the courses of its rivers and mountains, would be the same race, and illuminated by one (not two) civilizations, little less than the power that could sever the father of waters in twain, or lift the Appalachian mountains from their foundations, and, changing their course, plant them as a water shed between the plant them as a water shed between the reprehensible proclamation without any Lakes and the Gulf, and as a line and a knowledge of his intentions by General wall between the regions of cotton, rice, and sugar and the region of the cereals. can make and maintain two Governments within the territory of the United States. Governments are only agencies in the hand of man to regulate and protect the common interests and rights of those entering into or acquiescing in the agreement. The identity or affinity of these interests will control the territorial extent, if not the form, of Gov-

continue to pour from the North to the South, will its influence live and be paramount. And in the nature of this paramount. mount. And in the nature of things, political control of its confluence with the within whose local territorial limits it makes its debouche, as with those who, by nature, have been invested with an interest and

right in the use of the egress it affords for the greatest valley in the world. Without amplifying upon the statistics, present and future, of that stream, it is plain these propositions will hold true. ulation of the grain and stock growing regions of that valley will continue to send their produce to the cotton States, the West continent. They will pay no tolls, either than ten thousand like him could possibly in money or political rights, for the privilege of doing so. These premises accepted, the legitimate conclusion is too apparent to

need statement.

Examples from history of the former 'dismemberments of empire," such as Mr. Hamilton had in mind when he wrote, and such as may have come under his own observation in his day, and which were effected by "contagions," "conflagrations," or "paroxysms" apparently not so as the combination of all three that now curses the American Republic, and which may have produced those "dismemberments" in spite of the national tendencies to unity, are not fair illustrations of the probable results of this trouble, because steam, the press, and the loom, either which is greater to day than the sword. If the Secessionist pleases himself with that the causes of our "dismemberment" are such as our government can neither by the other reflection that those conflagrations and paroxysms, (I admire the language of the text) that have proved sufficient to sever Empires, have generally parts. This reflection deserves much consideration. Our own separation from England is the only note worthy exception, and between that case and the present, there is not one point of resemblance, in regard to the influences that would affect national unity and longevity after the separation When we come to estimate the ultimate effects of this rebellion, we will see that though it were able to conquer the Government, it were yet unable to conquer destiny, and that race will, by its own consent and for its own interest; live under one Govern ment. The success or defeat of the Federal arms will only hasten or retard the ultimate result. If it be asked why prosecute the war if the final result be all the same, it is replied that Nations or States, like man cometimes fall into a mood, when a little chastisement, call it coercion if you please, hastens the return of reason. And the honor of a nation is of more vital importance to it than the honor of a man is to him. A man without the honor or courage to defend himself may have his rights in some sort

defended by his Government; but a Government under disgrace, a Government without the courage or the will to defend itself from an assault as unprovoked and ru inous as this one upon our government, is beyond all hope. It is not to be endured beyond all hope. It is not to be endure that such a wreck of all the material inter ests of man shall be wantonly committed without the fear of resentment or punishment; indeed, if it were now apparent that the independence of the Southern Confede racy must in the end be recognized, it uld be well worthy of consideration whether policy and duty would not join in requiring that they should first feel, and feel heavily, the power of the Government It might preserve the peace in after times. In this great exertion by the Government, no "higher law" is needed. The Govern ment can put forth all the available strength of the nation under forms of the Constitution, and any departure from it and appeal to necessity, or any other higher law, will lessen the chance of success, by lessening the number of those who adhere to the Government because it is a Government, and will tarnish the bril-liant moral effect that must flow from the example of a strict adherence to the Conthose whose every act is in utter and avowed disregard of that instrument. regard for the Constitution, they as un

hingly claim to make converts to their

cause by pointing to our supposed depart-ures from it. If it be hard on human

nature to require a rig d adherence to the letter of the bond, while your co obliger is spurning it, it must be remembered that all

your rights and powers are derived from

the bond, and the court will regard with very great favor him who has kept his

It is urged the war will breed a hate so intense between the sections that reconciliation will be impossible. It would have been well to think of that before the war was commenced by the aggressive party. But the statement as to the effect of war is not correct. It would rather seem true that when nations have quarrelled bitterly, an appeal to arms is not only the consequence of the quarrel, but in the end quiets the temper and passions of the belligerents. It acts as a safety-valve. Not that war is commendable; it is the reverse. It is only justifiable for defense. But its wickedness (in the main) need not blind us to its good results. Those who apprehend this as, the effect of this unhappy strife do not two governments; the wars between England and Scotland, and the present happy union of those two countries; the thirty year's war between the houses of York and Lancaster, under the red and white roses, and the union of the two great parties under one crown; the wars, under very aggravating circums stances, between England and America, and the quickly succeeding near and cordial numerous cases in European history, show that men and nations hate each other most vigorously while fighting, and receive each other as friends so soon as the contest has ended. Whether this excite our ridicule or our admiration, it is a fact found in the history of every nation, and in every man's personal experience. It is a wise hate forever. Those who resolve to do so, fail in the attempt. Those who, in the midst of this or any other strife, think they never can be reconciled, consult their passions more than their judgments. It then behooves Kentucky, so long as she can, without a sacrifice of her honor, to remain loyal to the Constitution and Government of the nation, that she may now and hereafter accept and maintain, without compulsion, revolution, or abasement, the position in the great one government of the North American continent, which nature and destiny have assigned to her; a destiny her at this hour all the sick then in the compapeople cannot change because they did not make the country which they inhabit.

TO BE CONTINUED.

Gen. Phelps' Proclamation Denounced. [From the Boston Post, of Thursday.]

We take pleasure in publishing the following correspondence, although it was hardly necessary to assure the public that Gen. Phelps issued his mischievous and

CORRESPONDENCE.

LAWRENCE, Dec. 17, 1861. MAJ GEN. B. F. BUTLER, U. S. A., Bos-ron-Sir: A suggestion in my hearing connecting your name with the recent proc lamation of Brig. Gen. Phelps prompts me to the inquiry if you authorized that production, or had any knowledge of it prior to It would be upnatural for me to believe

I am your obedient servant, B. F. WATSON.

HEADQUARTERS DEP'T NEW ENGLAND,) Boston, Dec. 18, 1861.

DEAR SIR: You are right in your supposition. The proclamation was neither foreseen, intimated to, or authorized by, me. BENJ. F. BUTLER.

[From the Washington Star of Wednesday.] The extraordinary proclamation of this officer on reaching Ship Island, in Mississippi Sound, proving him to be a crazy Washington this morning, has doubtless already occasioned his supersedure in the command of the Gulf expedition. understood that by ten o'clock to-day his successor was determined on and arrangements entered upon to hasten him out to the to lose no time in counteracting the deplorable mischief that Phelps' political efforts

might otherwise occasion. (From the Springfield (Mass) Republican 1 GEN. PHELPS' WILD PROGLAMATION .- The worst specimen of the military proclamation yet issued is that which Brigadier General Phelps has sent out from Ship Island to the people of the Southwest. It misinterprets the intent and spirit of the war, represents it as a mere abolition crusade, and argues for a good cause in just the way most likely to offend and repel the people to whom it is addressed. If it is accepted as an interpretation of the position of the Administration, it can only make the hostility of the southwestern people to the Government universal, and nerve them to the most determined resistance. How the effect of Gen Phelps' stupid blunder is to be counteracted it is not easy to see, but the Administration should prevent any further mistake of the sort by imperatively prohibiting the issuing of pronunciamentees by our commanders They are superfluous at the best. The President has repeatedly announced the object of the war, and the spirit and means with which it will be prosecuted. No more words are needed. our generals be satisfied with doing the fighting, and leave the dangerous weapon of rhetoric to those who know how to use it. It is manifestly not their forte.

COASTING ACCIDENT .- A few nights since, while two young ladies were coasting on what is called Pond Hill, in Hubbardston, Mass., they came into collision with a team consisting of two yoke of oxen. The oxen were knocked from their pins completely It was thought at first that the young ladies were seriously injured, but both parties are getting along finely.

At the reception of General Scott in Paris, Mr. Dayton and Mr. Biglow presented large number of Americans, among the rest the American Bonaparte-a tall, fine, graceful specimen of manhood. In the list of names are those of Mr. Sidney Brooks, Mr. George Schuyler, Mr. Dudley Selden, and Mr. and Mrs. R. I. Vandewater.

It is said that Mr. Cisco is in Washington to give the Government the benefit of his experience in relation to the measures miles west of Martinaburg. proposed for the improvement of the cur-

A letter from Richmond states that John C. Breckinridge called on Mr. Ely and promised to use his influence to procure his

Major Slemmer has returned to Chiago from Western Virginia, where he had been for some time seriously ill.

The Ohio Statesman says that

General Phelps belongs to the family of Mr. Joshua Young, who served in the war of 1812, died at Frederick, Md.,

BRAZIL COTTON .- Three hundred bales of this article have arrived at New York.

Several deaths from Asiatic cholera are reported in London.

THE WARRIOR, -This English frigate has cost already £600,000.

Letter from Camp Pope.

COLONEL POPE'S REGIMENT MUSTERED INTO THE WINTER QUARTERS IS RECEIVED WITH DIS THE REGIMENT BY COUNTERMANDING THE CIENT SOLDIERS-SYNOPSIS OF CAMP LIFE-THE WAY THE KENTUCKY BOYS RECEIVE BRITISH BLUSTER-THE ADMINISTRATION EX-HORTED NOT TO COMPROMISE THE HONOR OR DIGNITY OF OUR GOVERNMENT

CAMP HAM. POPE, Dec. 20, 1861. Editors Democrat - Gentlemen: We are now Uncle Sam's boys, having been mustered into the Federal service last week by Capt. Gilbert, of the regular army. Finally, we are organized, and are at the disposal of Gen. Buell. All we ask of him is to give us a fair chance at the rebel Buckner.

About two weeks ago we were ordered to go into winter quarters at this place to guard bridges in this neighborhood, and to perform home guard service generally. This, of course, we considered unjust. We thought we were entitled to share the dangers, and te participate in the glory, of sustaining our own government, for which purpose the Legislature had called us into the field. Ourfield officers at once set to work to induce Gen. Buell to countermand the order and, by special request, as a compliment to the gallantry of our brave fellows, the com-manding General has ordered us into more active and more important service. I do not feel at liberty to dil you when or where we are going; suffice to say, that we hope provision of Providence that men cannot to salute Simon Bolivar with a few rounds of cartridges before long.

We have been blessed with most excellent weather for the last two weeks. During this time, the regiment has been "put through" on company and battalion drills about five hours each day. Everything works as smoothly with us as in a camp of regulars. At six in the morning we are aroused from our refreshing rest (which we enjoy after the day's work), by the reveille; each company then forms on its parade ground; after the roll is called, breakfast is eaten. At seven "Surgeon's" call is beaten; nies are brought to the hospital by the Orderly of each company, to be retained, prescribed for and sent to quarters, or reurned to duty, at the discretion of the Surgeon. At eight commences company drill, which continues two hours. From half-past ten to half-past eleven, the company officers are instructed in tactics and We dine at twelve, and at one comday's work. By this constant drill the regiment is fast emerging from green recruits into a well drilled and well disciplined regiment of efficient soldiers. The spirit of insubordination, common and natural to raw recruits, is fast becoming extinct. Our boys employ their leisure time in resting

and preparing for work; they are too busy

to grumble.

The news from England is met with a spirit of defiance; the sentiment among officers and men is to let her "pitch in" if she wishes. We have confidence in the bravery, energy, and perseverance of our people to enable us to humble the growling lion. John Bull is, no doubt, trying to blow off his pent up hatred towards us for thrashing him in '76 and 1812; doubtless our greatness makes him uneasy, and he would let no opportunity escape to cripple us. But Johnny has many things to consider before letting loose the "dogs of war" at us. I guess he will quiet down soon, and be content to growl and lick his Mexican bone unmolested by our bold privateersmen, who, in the event of a war, might cause some unessiness in his commercial interest. Bully has "caught a tartar" twice in America already, and he will be cautious, I presume, in approaching Jonathan again on the same subject, or he might find hope of swallowing Mexico frustrated. All we want is for Abe to "hold, occupy, and possess" Messrs. Slidell and Mason, and nake no apology for their arrest. Yes. Abe, act like a man, an American-compromise not the honor of your country appease the British bluster. If we are to have a war with England, let it come at once. Why postpone it? If England has determined to provoke a war with us, why compromise any right to avert it? If he anger is appeased now, soon will she find some other pretext to provoke a quarrel, and the final issue will inevitably be a resort to arms. If we allow it, the British Government will interpret every international aw to suit herself, and we will soon find ourselves deprived of all rights on the sea except those granted by her merciful majs International laws are often made by power; they are as often interpreted by the same agent, and the construction enforced by power is generally received as valid. To rield one iota of what we have always claimed as our rights on the seas, would be self degredation; and in declining to accept the issue forced upon us by the British Government, we should justly expose our-selves to ridicule in the eyes of the civilized world. Therefore, let the Government stand up boldly for our national and international Let the Government maintain the honor and dignity of the American nation, and the people will not fail to support the Government which they themselves made. Can any one be so blinded by fanaticism or prejudice as not to see that if England can conquer the United States, she will subjugate alike both the North and the South, and we all become subjects to her tyrannical yoke? Let those who chuckle at the prospect of this remember that they theraselves will be swallowed up in the common ruin.

No more at present. Yours, truly,

A daring murder was lately comnitted at a small eating house in the Faubourg St. Germain, Paris. A nephew of the proprietor killed his aunt and female cousin, who attended the saloon, and tried to run away with a bag containing fifteen hundred francs. The murderer was taken so soon that he had not time to wash from his hands the blood of his victims.

The Baltimore and Ohio Railread commenced last Thursday the work of reconstructing the bridge over the Big Cacapon. There were no obstructions beween that point and Hancock, and the track will probably be open on Wednesday from Cumberland to within sixteen

Female confidence operators abound in New York. One handsome, elegantly dressed Mrs. Morton recently swindled a jeweler out of a gold chronometer watch and \$300 worth of diamonds by having the goods sent to her address, paying for them in counterfeit money and decamping before the fraud was detected.

It turns out that the editor of the Toronto Leader, whose ferocious attacks on the Treat, the London Times of the 28th of our government have given it notoriety, is November named George Sheppard, who was late editor of the Washington Republic, late sub-editor of the Washington Constitution, late agent of the "Breckinridge Central Committee,"

late Secession writer at Richmond! The Boston Traveler is informed that General Phelps, whose proclamation issued rom Ship Island has evoked such general newspaper press, has, in former years, been subject to occasional fits of insanity. This may explain the whole matter.

CHRISTMAS CHIMES.

BY R. F. FULLER. Faces, careful, long and glooming, Let a smile to-day illumine! Put the cold, hard look away! Do not always be so sober, Making all the year October! Have, at least, one holiday! Sweeter than the Spring birds singing,

Ne'er with dates your reckoning bother!
If not this day, on some other,
Dawned salvation on the earth!
Christmas hearts can, in December,
Celebrate, and so remember
Jubilee of Jesus' birth! If thou ever wast light-hearted, Mitth, as in the years departed, Make, to-day, a guest of thine! Hadat thou e'er afriend? Go, find him! Grasp his hand now, and remind him of the days of auld lang syne!

On this day, or on some other, What a joy had Jesus' mother! Parent! have a heart like hers— Love, 10 your home circle showing, Still with faithful ardor glowing, Oft as Christmas day occurs'

Now, let giff gaff warm affection, Quicken loving recollection! Think its purchase not a wastel Love and friendship are life's treas Pure, delicious cup of pieasure, Lawful for the lips to taste! On this day, or on some other, Jesus came, our Elder Brother, All men brothers here to ma His and ours are thus, remember All the poor, this cold December! Brothers, help, for Jesus' sake!

Gen. Scott's Letter on the American Difficulty.

My DEAR SIR: You were right in doubting the declaration imputed to me, to wit: that the Cabinet at Washington had given orders to seize Messrs. Mason and Slidell, even under a neutral flag; for I was not even aware that the Government had had that point under consideration. At the time of my leaving New York it was not known that the San Jacinto had returned to the American seas; and it was generally supposed those persons had escaped to Cuba the purpose of re-embarking in the Nashville, in pursuit of which vessel the James Adger and other cruisers had been dispatched.

I think I can satisfy you in a few words that you have no serious occasion to fee concerned about our relations with England. if, as her rulers profess, she has no disposition to encourage the dissensions in Amer-

In the first place it is almost superfluous to say to you that every instinct of prudence as well as of good neighborhood prompts our Government to regard no honorable sacrifice too great for the preservation of mences battallion drill; this drill continues the friendship of Great Britain. This must all evening, and dress parade finishes the be obvious to all the world. At no period of our history has her friendship been of more importance to our peeple—at no period has our government been in a condition to make greater concessions to preserve it. The two nations are united by interests and sympathies-commercial social, political and religious-almost as the two arms to one body, and no one is so ignorant as not to know that what harms one must harm the other in a corresponding

I am persuaded that the British government can entertain no doubt upon this point; but if it does I feel that I may take t upon myself to say that the President of the United States, when made aware of its existence, will lose no opportunity of dis-

pelling it Nor is there anything, I venture to affirm, in the seizure of these rebel emissaries which ought to receive an unfriendly construction from England. Her statement will not question the legal right of an American vessel of war to search any commercial vessel justly suspected of transport-ing contraband of war; that right has never been surrendered by England; it was even guaranteed to her by the treaty of Paris, and British guns frowning down upon nearly every strait and inland sea upon the globe are conclusive evidence that she which may be not yet entirely extinguished. Of course there is much that is irritating and vexatious in the exercise of this right under the most favorable circumstances, and it is to be hoped that the day is not far distant when the maritime States of the world will agree in placing neutral commerce beyoud the reach of such vexations. The United States Government has been striving to this end for more than fifty years; to this end, early in the present century and in its infancy as a nation, it embarked in a war with the greatest naval power in the world: and it is ever now a persistent suitor at every maritime court in Europe for a more liberal recognition of the rights of neutrals than any of the other great maritime nations have yet been disposed to make. international guarantees upon a comprehensive and enduring basis, of course England cannot complain of an act for which. in all its material bearings, her own naval history affords such numerous prece-

Whether the captives from the Trent were contraband of war or not is a question which the two Governments can have no serious difficulty in agreeing upon. If Mr. Seward cannot satisfy Earl Russell that were, I have no doubt Earl Russell will be able to satisfy Mr. Seward that they concur in admitting, agents of the rebellion, it will be difficult to satisfy impartial minds that they were any less contraband than a file of rebel soldiers or a battery of hostile

But even should there be a difference of opinion upon this point, it is very clear that our Government had sufficient grounds for presuming itself in the right to escape the suspicion of having wantonly violated the relations of amity which the two countries

profess a desire to preserve and cultivate. The pretence that we ought to have taken the Trent into port, and had her condemned by a prize court, in order to justify our seizure of four of her passengers, furnishes a very narrow basis on which to fix a serious controversy between two great nations. been less if it had been greater. The wrong done to the British flag would have en mitigated if, instead of seizing the four rebels, we had seized the ship, detained all her passengers for weeks, and confiscated her cargo. I am not surprised that Capt. and of what was due to the friendly relations The renowned common sense of unpleasant duty as little vexatious as pos-

If, under these circumstances, England should deem it her duty, in the interest of civilization, to insist upon the restoration of the men taken from under the protection of her flag, it will be from a conviction, without doubt, that the law of nations in regard to the rights of neutrals, which she has taken the leading part in establishing, requires revision, and with a suitable disposition on her part to establish those rights upon a just, humane and philosophic basis. Indeed, I am happy to see an intimation in one of the leading metropolitan journals which goes far to justify this inference. Referring to the decisions of the English the seizure of the American rebels on board

ovember says:
"So far as the authorities go, the testimony international law writers is all one way that a belligerent war cruiser has the righ to stop, and visit, and search any merchan ship upon the high seas. * * *
But it must be remembered that these de-

cisions were given under circumstances very different from those which now occur mail vessels carrying letters wherein the nations of the world have immediate letters wherein all expressions of disapprobation from the terest were unknown. We were fighting for nor expect ourselves to be allowed to do, in these days.'

If England, as we are here encouraged to hope, is disposed to do her part in stripping war of half its horrors, by accepting the policy long and persistently urged upon her by our government, and commended by every principle of justice and humanity, she MEETING BETWEEN LORD LYONS AN will find no ground, in the visit of the Trent, for controversy with our government. I am sure the President and people of the United States would be but too happy to let these men go free, unnatural and unpardonable as their offenses have been, if by it they could emancipate the commerce of the world. Greatly as it would be to our disage at this present crisis to surrender any of those maritime privileges of bellig-erents which, sanctioned by the laws of nations, I feel that I take no responsibility in saying that the United States will be

faithful to her traditional policy upon this subject, and to the spirit of her political On the other hand, should England be unprepared to make a corresponding sacri-fice; should she feel that she could not yet afford to surrender the advantages which the present maritime code gives to a dominart naval power, of course she will not

governments are in any immediate danger That the over prompt recognition, as belligerents, of a body of men, however large, so long as they constituted a manifest minority of the nation, wounded the feelings of my countrymen deeply, I will not affect to deny, nor that the set not affect to deny, nor that the act, with at which it is thought the cases will be some of its logical consequences, which thoroughly discussed.

have already occurred, has planted in the Intelligence was received here to-day breasts of many the suspicion that their kindred in England wish them evil rather about to move toward Winchester, by way than good; but the statesmen to whom the political interest of these two great people that section of the State as he proceeded are confided act upon higher responsibili- and re-opening the Baltimore & Ohio railties and with better lights, and you may rest assured that an event so mutually disastrous as a war between England and and graver provocation than has yet been

WINFIELD SCOTT. HOTEL WESTMINSTER, Paris, Dec. 2, '61.

Stevens' Gift Gunboat-Mr. E. A. Stevens has completed, at Borfirm and bolted to iron beams and knees. Her length is one hundred and one feet, twenty feet beam, depth of hold seven feet six inches. When light she will draw about been heard from. According to Lieutenant four feet of water, but when in action her Hurd's representations, the national prisdraught will be between seven and eight oners now in the South are treated in the She has two engines, each working most brutal and unjustifiable manner. independently of the other. Each of them gives power to a screw propeller, so that by reversing one engine and moving the other shead the vessel is turned around within her her own length, and so rapidly is this evo-lution performed that it only requires one minute and a half to turn the vessel one hundred and eighty degrees. The smoke stack will be hinged so as to lower down, and not present a perpendicular mark for the enemy's gunners. Besides the two main engines there are two auxilliary engines, used for the purpose of flooding the water compartments or throwing out the

water. The hold of the vessel is divided into four apartments. The forward one is for water: the second, officers' and men's quarters; the third, engine and boiler-room; and the fourth, or after one, is also a water-tank. The forward and affermost bulkheads are water-tight. In the bottom of the vessel, in each of the water apartments, is a hole, sixteen inches in diameter, on which is fitted sixteen inches in diameter, on which is fitted a valve, which is worked from the deck. A His name was supposed to be John Hawforce-pump is in each apartment also, to kins. It is reported that a whole company pump out the water. When the vessel is of negroes was engaged, and two of our ready to approach a battery, with the view of attacking it, the valves are opened in each of the water apartments, and a large When the vessel is setstream rushes in. tled to the proper depth, there are seven-

teen inches water over the deck. To prevent the water running into the engine room and the officers' quarters, high combings are placed around the hatchway, which rise several inches above the level of the water. The helmsman is box, which has flanges upon it, and is settled down the after hatchway, completely out of range. From here he can see to steer the vessel, as well as direct the engineers as to the working of the engines. One other man remains on deck to fire the gun. The vessel is armed with one rifled 100-

pounder gun of the Parrott patent, placed around which rises a high combing, to prevent the water from reaching it. is loaded by men standing in the hold, or in the men's quarters. When this novel craft is in position, by settling her in the water, nothing is visible to the enemy but the outline of the hull marked by the bulwarks unsubmerged and the gun amidships. To a person in the slightest degree acquainted with gunnery, it will be readily seen how on a private claim, alleging precedent, as difficult it will be to hit this craft .- Phil. Eve. Bulletin, 20th.

The Mediation of Louis Napoleon.

[From the London Post, Dec. 3.] In the diplomatic circles of London yes terday it was mentioned rather as a fact than a probability, that the whole case of the Trent difficulty would be referred to the Emperor of the French as arbitrator between the Governments of Great Britain and Washington. It was even hinted that the administration at Washington, anticipating the probable effect of the outrage on the British flag in the affair of the Trent, had transmitted instructions by the Persia to their representatives at London to say to Earl Russell that if any difficulty arose the American Government was ready to refer the matter to the arbitration of the Emperor of the French. No doubt was entertained as to the willingness of his Majesty to accept the effice, as it is precisely the role he is ambitious of enacting. His decision will be prompt, and the Americans probably anticipate one in their favor-it usually by the party who selects an arbitrator. reader is at liberty to infer, if he like, that a decision in favor of America would be very agreeable to the French people. It is even possible that the fact menti may account for the detention of the Europa at Queenstown. At the same time it is vious that the appointment of Louis Napothe English people, I believe, will approve leon as arbitrator would get all parties out of his effort to make the discharge of a very of an unpleasant difficulty. of an unpleasant difficulty.

We are also in a position to state that

Russia is anxious to render such service to the Federals as will assist in promoting

[From the Liverpool Post, of Dec. 5th.] The chances are against the probability a war between England and North America. On Tuesday we stated, on authority that excluded doubt, that in diplomatic circles it was understood that a reference would made to Louis Napoleon, and yesterday the telegram confirmed our statement. The Emperor of the French has already offered his services as a mediator, and they are pretty sure to be accepted. is a legal question. Ministers themselves gave it that character when they submitted to the law advisers of the crown. Attorney and Solicitor Generals are not infallible. They may be wrong; and it does not become the greatness and majesty of England to involve the world in war on a story. point of law, respecting which the most pro-found lawyers differ. The Emperor of the he obvious inference is that he will not join England in a war against America.

THAT COTTON FROM PORT ROYAL .- In-

TELEGRAPHIC.

SECRETARY SEWARD!

Movements of General

Skirmish at New Market Bridge

Steamer America's Mews!

SCAPE OF PRISONER FROM CHARLESTON.

SOUTH CAROLINA!

PROCEEDINGS IN SENATE!

Washington, Dec. 23 .- The President has approved and signed the bill to further

mote the efficiency of the navy. put herself in a false position by asking us to do it. In either case, therefore, I do not Lyons had to-day another interview with see how the friendly relations of the two Mr. Seward. It is understood, upon what seems to be good authority, that the meeting was friendly in its character, and satisfactory in its results. Lord Lyons, who some

road as soon as practicable.

Money has gone to Kansas to pay the arrears due the troops raised there to whip America cannot occur without some other the Missouri rebels. \$339,000 is the sum. NEW YORK, Dec. 24 .- The Times publishes an interesting statement made by Lieut. Hurd, of the 2d Maine Regiment, who was wounded and taken prisoner at Bull Run, and has been recently released. He, together with Col. Corcoran and some three hundred others, were confined in the Charleston jail at the time of the great dentown, New Jersey, a gunboat of peculiar contagration there, and they only construction, which, with her armament, he construction, which, with her armament, he has presented to the Government, as a teshas presented to the Government, and they only construct the property of the presented to the Government, as a teshas presented to the Government of timony of his patriotic feeling. The hull is Charlestonians to save them. Colonel built of iron. in the usual manner, being Corcoran, Lieutenant Hurd believes, escaped during the confusion, as he expressed his determination to try to reach aufort or the north, and has not singe

> FORT MONROE, Dec. 23 -The skirmish yesterday was a slight affair. Two companies of the 20th New York regiment started for Newport News at 9 o'clock this morning, and proceeded to Newmarket bridge, to look for a man who had been lost in the woods on the day before, as we hear. While near the bridge, they found themselves surrounded by rebel cavalry and infaniry, numbering 700 men, but succeeded in cutting their way out without loss. Reinforcements were sent for to Camp Hamilton, and the remainder of the regiment was sent

> The naval brigade under command of Colonel Wardross was also under arms and proceeded as far as Hampton bridge. Six of the Twentieth regiment were slightly wounded; twenty of the enemy are known to have been killed, and a number wounded. Seven dead bodies were found this morning. One was that of an officer and was taken to Newport News. He wore buttons lettered men are known to have been sh The Richmond prisoners are

here in a day or two. The gunboat Young Rover, stationed at the mouth of York river, reports an extensive conflagration in Yorktown about a week since.

NEW YORK, Dec. 24 .- The steamer Amer ica, from Liverpool, via Halifax, arrived here this morning. Her news is almost entirely anticipated.

steamers at Southampton were expected to be chartered by the British Government. It was stated that the British Life Guard had volunteered for foreign service.

of non-commissioned officers to drill the

Geo. L. Shuyler, agent for the United tates Government for the purchase of arms in Europe, is a passenger by the America. WASHINGTON, Dec. 24. Not more than 21 Senators were present at the session to-day, the majority of them, as well as many members of the House, having left the city. The Attorney General has respectfully declined to give to the Senate his

for non-compliance with the request. The Senate has confirmed Jas. H. Lane, of Kansas, as Brigadier General of volun-

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24 .- The Senate has confirmed the following appointments of the President: Robert Hally, of California Consul at Manzilla; William Pickering, of Illinois, Governor to Washington Territory; George N. Milne, Receiver of public meney at Springfield Illinois; James B. Receiver at Ottertail city; A. Whittlesy, Receiver at Bayfield, Wisconsin; Robert

McDougal, Register at Springfield, Illinois. Sr. Louis, Dec. 24 .- About 1,000 rebel prisoners taken by Gen. Pepe arrived here ast night and were allowed to remain in the cars till morning, when they were escorted by captors under Col. Davis, to Dr. McDonnell's Medical College, where they will be quartered for the present.

ALBANY, Dec. 23 - Comptroller Dennistane has returned from Washington, having secured from the Secretary of the Treasury a return of 40 per cent. of the money advanced by the State for expenses of the war. The sum thus received by the State

PITTSBURG, Dec. 24.-River 7 feet scant by pier mark and falling. Weather cloudy.

A BATTLE ON THE CUMBERLAND, -By the arrival of the steamer J. H. Done, yester-day, we learn that a detachment of troops, with two gunboats, left Paducah for so point on the Cumberland last Friday. day Sunday heavy cannonading was heard by the people on the Ohio river from Cave-inofficers of the Done that a brisk engagement was going on. We shall await further particulars with anxiety. The expedition from Paducah doubtless went to attack one of the forts on the Cumberland .- Evansvil

Journal, 23d. If there was an engagement on the Cumberland, where the cannonading could be but a short distance from Smithland; and it must have been caused by the erection of some batteries on the lower Cumberland. But we are inclined to doubt the whol

The body of Rouget de Lisle, author of the Marseillaise Hymn, was disinterred a We few weeks ago, and moved from the old to will not infer that he would become the ally the new cemetery of Choisy-le Roi. The following inscription was engraved on the tomb; "Ici repose Claude Joseph Rouget tead of receiving \$2,000,000 worth of cot- de Lisle, ne a Lonsle-Saulnier en 1760; mort ton from Port Royal, we have received a Choisy-le-Roi en 1836. Quand la Revolu-120,000 pounds, about 240 bales, or in the tion francaise, en 1792, eut a combattre les present market style of speech, 1,980,000 Rois, il lui donna pour vainore le Chant de

RINTED AND PUBLISHED BY HARNEY, HUGHES & CO.

Office-- 79 Third Street, east side, between Market and Jefferson

Sailroad Matters.

LOUISARTURE OF TRAINS E, NEW ALBANY AND CHI-LE VE NEW ALBANY.

ARRIVE AT NEW ALBANY.

JEFFERSONVILLE RAILROAD. FROM JEFFERSON VILLE. LOUISVILLE AND LEXINGTON R. R.

Closing and Arrival of the Mails at the Louisville Postoffice.

LOCAL NEWS.

The 40th Indiana will leave Indianapolis to-day, and be here to-morrow.

The fleet did not arrive yesterday, with Col. Wynkoop's cavalry, but will possibly be here to-day or to-morrow, or some other

which left Indianapolis a week or ten days into winter or some other quarters, near

Police Proceedings-Tuesday, Dec. 24. Pearce Stallback, assaulting Edward Menkley; discharged. Had Menkley appeared in \$100 to answer an indictment for selling liquor to soldiers.

duct; \$100-three months. Sent up. Peter Jort, drunk, but very orderly in his conduct. Discharged.

supposed engagement between Gen. Nelson's matter of conjecture. We shall probably hear from her. column and a large force of the rebels proves to be a mistake. The firing was heard at Munfordsville, and from its char- alarming extent in the neighborhoods besoter gave rise to the belief that an engagement was actually had; but informa- that fourteen children have died with this | This places a paper within the reach of all. tion received yesterday, when the cars left, terrible scourge within the last ten days. proves it to have been heavy artillery prac-

the police thought best to let this disorder such license.

at Fishing creek was only four miles from Sims' Bayou, on the line of the Galveston Schoepf's position a week ago.

corner of 5th and Green streets would perhaps improve their habits as well as their great.

No PAPER .- According to the usual custom, in order to allow all our force to enjoy Christmas, we shall not issue an states that Galveston has been evacuated

ALIVE. -The streets were never more full of life than yesterday and last night, with at Galveston, at which it was determined hundreds and thousands buying presents that it was impossible to defend the city en goods, hoods, gent's furnishing goods and successfully. The largest guns at the fortifor the "little ones at home."

rendering efficient service in the department he has so long filled with credit to himself and the Government. Lieutenant Colonel Enyart assumes command of the First patients from Galveston to Houston, which

Captain Pfau's Cincinnati Dragoons.

A FAIR AND FIT QUESTION .- The Washgton correspondent of the Boston Herald sks fairly and fitly, why should Northern lisunionists be allowed to rai their voices

THE REBEL NAVY .- Here is a specimen of he lies which the rebel emissaries in urope manage to have published. It is

om the Liverpool Mercury : "The Southern regular navy, including hips of the line, frigates, sloops of war,

Texas Intelligence.

A gentleman connected with the Quarterpaster's Department, informs the Galveston

P. Spatning concludes a letter in the Galveston on the Trent affair with the following postbeing duly sworn, deposeth and saith that he had News that, unless the Government furnishes script: notes of smaller denominations soon, he

and any quantity obtained, at the saline, in France, perhaps Marseilles, for the United

Is Houston in Danger ?- Commenting upon the proceedings of a meeting held at Houston for the purpose of effecting a touched at a neutal port, before leaving the

We have so often expressed our opinion on the subject of the action contemplated by the resolutions, that we have very little to say which would not be a repetition. It does seem to us, however, that our peo-ple do not realize their actual situation. They repose in a false security, and slumber upon a mine which may any day explode and overwhelm them in utter ruin. We know that many think that Houston will be in no danger, even if Galveston is occupied by the enemy. Upon what this hypothesis frauds which every now and then fright the is founded, or what good reason can be British isle from its propriety. The National assigned for such an opinion, we are utterly at a loss to conceive. With Galveston in possession of the enemy, ten thousand men would be inadequate to the task of guarding the exposed points on our coast where the enemy could land in easy strik-ing distance of Houston. Five thousand men on Virginia Point could easily be flanked on both sides by an enemy in possession of both the Gulf and the Bay. Such is the truth, and it is well for our

naky, via L. & N. R. R. (small offices the previous evening), closes at 6:39 A.

We must get ready to defend the approaches to Houston, and we have delayed

Lebanon R. R. closes at 12:00 at night, and arrives at ration of Gov. Lubbook, gave Clark a mastown R. R. closes at 3:00 P. M., and arrives at 9:30 jority over him of some three hundred votes. The Gazette says it is not true; that no returns have been received since the official count, and there is no doubt if all the votes were in, Lubbock's majority would be in-

The Intelligencer says an old man named Samuel Lane, was killed by the Indians about two miles from the the town of Comfort, in Kerr county.

The Gazette says the amount of money in the treasury for distribution for school uses is much smaller than for any previous year, troops, Col. C. L. Dunham, marched through owing to the failures of the railroad compathe city yesterday, on the way to Bards nies to pay interest on the school fund

The Goliad Messenger notices the nassage through Goliad of several ox carts loaded with cotton for Mexico. The cotton was shipped by merchants of Goliad, Victoria, and Lavaca, and they expect to receive goods and groceries in exchange. This is right and we are glad to see it. Nothing will go further toward maintaining friendly rela-tions with Mexico than this interchange

The Nacogdoches Chronicle learns that ago, to come by land, has, we hear, gone several persons have engaged in salt making at the salines near that place, which exists in great abundance. Appearances indicate ere long. - Houston Telegraph, Dec. 6

Brownsville, as we learn from a letter in the Galveston News, is in a more defensible sition than since its occupancy by Contime he would have had to give bail in federate troops. It is now considered ready to receive Old Abe's invasion, via Mexico. The News has also the following:

Many droves of beeves are being sent from various parts of Texas to New Orleans. A large bark passed this city yesterday (6th) morning, sailing westward, and passing within five or six miles of our coast, she was in plain view from our look-outs. liable and good judges, who observed her ERROR.—The news sent us yesterday, by with spy glasses, say her deck were covered our correspondent at Munfordsvile, of a with armed men. Her destination is only a

> The Dallas Herald says: Diptheria, we learn, is prevailing to an tween Dallas and Cedar Hill, It is said

> The Galveston Civilian, of the 6th, has

We do not remember an occasion when bar, going west, yesterday. Look out!
The Third Regiment, Colonel Steele, of the streets and coffeehouses were so filled as they were last night, with drunkenness, trust these three thousand gallant men will spiced pigs' feet, Bolongna sausage, figs, trust these three thousand gallant men will spiced pigs' feet, Bolongna sausage, figs, almost of those Bazil nuts sawdings. No noise, shoutings and hootings. It was as if find a field of glory, to recompense them almonds, filberts, Brazil nuts, sardines, No. Pandemonium had broken loose. Perhaps for the toilsome march and privations before 1 roe herring, 500 boxes No. 1 smoked

Colonel Moore's Regiment has left us for go, as it occurred Christmas Eve; but they Houston, where, we suppose, it will be sugar-cured bacon, breakfast bacon, 100 will find that their labors in keeping good stationed, with a view of being sent to the barrels pearl hominy, 50 casks old hams first point assailed by the enemy. Should and shoulders, clear and ribbed sides (that the attack be made on either this point, the Sabine, er the Brazos, it will be found that General Herbert has so disposed his forces

Arizona with his regiment, and formed a Col. Parson's regiment of cavalry passed

and Houston railroad. The same paper of the 14th, says:

Our streets were filled yesterday with a the number of trains leaving this county for the coast and for the West has been very

position of affairs at Galveston. The Houston Telegraph, of the 2d inst.,

from whom we gain substantially the following facts: On the 20th ult. a council of war was held

fications upon the Island were 32 pounders, smooth bores, having a range not exceeding two miles, while the enemy's guns were of was accomplished immediately. All the Execution of a Deserter. — Richard
Gatewood, of the lat Kentucky Regiment,
suffered the extreme penalty of the law for

Pamitz vs Reamer, Lou. Ch'y; affirmed. Ford's heirs va Vaughan et al, Pulaski; revers Nunnelly et ux vs White's ex'r, Madison; rev

ORDERS.

fears he will be unable to make any more purchases. The planters are unable to use the \$100 and \$50 notes.

Salt — Excellent salt is said to be made, States, having on board as passengers, Lucius Bonaparte and his family, they thorough military organization, the Tele-graph thus holds forth:

Mediterranean, where a British squadron was riding at anchor. The English Admiral boarded the Hercules, and ascertaining who were his passengers, very civilly informed Capt West that he might depart with his ship unmolested, but that Mr. Bonaparte and his family must remain behind. The ship sailed without them. My informant received his information from the Captain of the Hercules.

ANOTHER GREAT SWINDLE IN ENGLAND. The commercial world in Europe has been startled with another of those stupend Insurance and Investment Association has suddenly wound up under the joint stock companies' act and the bankruptcy code, disclosing an indebtedness of upwards of \$1,800,000, while its assets amount to only \$275,000. The names of several persons of high rank and standing figure as those of directors in this great swindle.

Paris is said to be gay, in spite of the national finances, and the great falling off in American trade. The shops and the hotels suffer, but the theatres are crowded to excess. At the "Italiens" Miss Phillips has made a veritable success. Even Jules Janin gives her great praise. Paris is glad to hear and see something fresh.

The fate of Charleston may be shared before long by other Southern cities. The Montgomery, Ala., Advertiser says that no less than seven attempts were made to set fire to that city within two days, and that two of them were partially successful.

The National Intelligencer, in answer an inquiry, says that the General-in-Chief, in accepting the services of the French Princes on his staff, did not require

The powder found on the farm of Gov. Claib. Jackson consists of 175 kegs, and is part of the powder collected by Jackson in the spring, while he was engaged in arming the secessionists under the guise of armed neutrality.

AMUSEMENTS.

THEATER.—The new spectacle play is a delightful novelty. Fairies, fairy warriors, demons, scenes of en-chantment, gorgeous scenery, beautiful tableaux, showers of gold, and all else that we read of fairy land that salt will be a cheap article in Texas of beautiful girls, in a bewitching costume, whose bright eyes flash with mirth and merriment, "playing soldiers," is one not likely to be neglected, even in the present dearth of the circulating medium. The play is founded on the story of the Forty Thieves, and its oriental character enables the management to present scenes of unrivalled splendor. The piece is admirably got up, and when the joints of the machinery of the parts are greased by practice, it will equal any spectacle ever pre sented on this stage. It will be repeated every night till further notice

BUSINESS NOTICES.

A Word to Newspaper Readers. The Daily Morning Democrat and Evening News supply all the dispatches, local and general news. Those who wish to keep posted with the starring events of the times, should be supplied with both editions. The morning edition costs twenty-five (25) sents for every two weeks, and the evening edition fifteen (15) cents for two weeks.

ESPECIAL NOTICE TO SUTLERS AND DEAL-A large man-of-war vessel passed our receiving daily, a superior article of Western Reserve, Hamburg, and English herring, sour krout, white beans, new fall will be sold very low), 350 sacks No. 1 Pennsylvania buckwheat flour, potatoes, onions, &c., all of which will be sold low

tion of our lady readers is directed to this

To THE LADIES. -The attention of the ladies is called to our "Glycerine Cream." The Marshall Republican, of the 4th, a superior article for curing chapped face makes the following statement about the and hands, and an effectual safeguard against chapped skin.

> erally will note that Nathan White, on Third street, offers a full stock of goods, amongst en goods, hoods, gent's furnishing goods and sale only, at lowest prices, for cash. d19 d6

> BALANCE UP .- Mr. Phil Tompert, Jr., at W. G. Reasor's law office, in Court Place, has considerable time on his hands, which he would be glad to employ in balancing books, making out bills, copying deeds or

> We call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Nat. Gaither, Jr., Secretary of State, inviting sealed proposals for carrying and distributing the public books and documents for the several coun-

> Sutlers should not fail to supply themselves with Hurley's celebrated Quick Yeast before leaving the city. No pantry is complete without it. Remember the genuine is manufactured only by Thos. A.

required. Call at Nathan White's, Third
st., between Market and Jefferson.

FAMILY PORK.—Those desirous of procustomed with fancy goods. References curing a good article of family pork will find it for sale on the hooks at Wm. Jarvis & Co.'s porkhouse this day and to-morrow. de22 31*

moneys received for subscriptions will be aken only at its current rates by the

We refer our readers to Charlie Ruefer's advertisement of this morning.

Charles TAIL, SON & CO., 334 Main st.

J. N. Collins sells the best of coal at als office, Third street, between Market and Jefferson. Give him your orders.

A SMALL FUR CAPE, BETWEEN THE JOURNAL office and Sixth street, via east side of gourth, and south side Walunt out to Sixth. The finder will be amply rewarded by leaving it at this effice. FOR RENT.

WANTED.

No. 44 Western street, Cincinnati, O. 801 Sold by Druggists and Dealers generally ever

The Editor

WAR! WAR! WAR! On the Cold Weather, and no Retreat

OFFICE-Corner Market and Preston sts. de25 dly

OFFICE LOUISVILLE GAS Co., December 24, 1861. THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE LOUI-VILLE GAS Company are hereby notified that the election to elect six Directors will be held at the office of the Company, at 11 o'clock, A. M., on Morday, J. Husry 6, 1861. de2t dtd.

ROBT. G. COURTNAY, Pres.

DRESSED HOGS FOR SALE AT the Pork-house of Huffman, Dun-an & Co, upper end of Main

NOTICE TO ARMY OFFICERS. A YOUNG LAD, NAMED WILLIE MAYFILD, LEFT his home on Thank-giving day, and his parents have since then had no information concerning him. It is supposed that he has found his way to some military camp; and officers will render lasting service to his deeply distressed relatives, by giving intelligence of his whereabouts. He is but 12 years age, heavy built, large black eyes, speaks quick, and is very attractive and tractable in his disposition. Address, by telegraph or letter,

de24 d6

YOUNG LAD, NAMED WILLIE MAYFIFLD, LEFT.

FINE SHREWSBURY OYSTERS. ALSO, EAST RIVER, and PRINCE BAY'S in the shell, extra

BEAR MEAT.

nd all the other LUXURIES of the season, especially ceived for the HOLIDAYS, which will be served up in aperior style.

A BOWL OF EGGNOG will always be on hand uring the holidays.

**Families can be supplied with EGGNOG at any FINE DINNERS, SUPPERS, &c., will be fur-

DISTRIBUTION OF PUBLIC BOOKS.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT this office, until the 1st day of January, 1882, prox., at 3 o'clock, P. M., for carrying and distributing the Pub-lic Books and Documents to the several counties in the

The Books and Documents to be distributed are, the Report of the Superintendent of Public Instruction; the Report of the Auditor of Public Accounts; Registration Report; Acts and Journals, and three volumes of Documents accompanying each set of Journals; and other documents necessary by law to be distributed.

7	the State is div	ided into eight distr	icts, as follows
		DISTRICT NO. 1.	
	Fulton, Graves, Calloway, Trigg. Union,	Hickman, McCracken, Livingston, Caldwell, Ballard,	Marshall, Lyon, Crittenden, Webster.
	-	DISTRICT NO. 2.	
	Hopkins, Muhlenburg, Butler, Allen, Warren,	Henderson, Christian, Logan, Monroe, DISTRICT NO. 3.	McLean Todd, Simpson, Barren.
	Hart, Ohio, Breckinridge, Larue, Nelson,	Edmonson, Daviess Meade, Jefferson,	Grayson, Hancock, Hardin, Bullitt.
		DISTRICT NO. 4.	
	Washington, Green,	Taylor,	Marion, Spencer,

DISTRICT NO. 7. DISTRICT NO.

The proposals must not in the aggregate exceed fif-teen hundred dollars. The proposals must be sealed, and indorsed "Proposals for distributing Public Books," and addressed to the undersigned as Secretary of State, at Frankfort. NAT. GAITHER, JR., Secretary of State.

CORNER MAIN AND FIFTH STREETS
Louisville Kentucky.
IMPORTER OF AND DEALER IN SADDLERY HARD
L ware, Harness Mountings, Trunks, and Coach Trim mings.

I am now receiving my Fall Stock, which will be also handsomest and best selected stock of Goods in my line that has ever before been imported in this market. I would invite my old customers, and the trade generally, to call and examine my stock, which I am determined to sell at prices that cannot fall to secure me the best trade that comes to the market. My stock embraces the following articles:

Baddle Trees;

Bridia Leathers:

Bridia Leathers:

Morroco Shtras.

Furs! Furs! Furs! HUDSON'S BAY SABLE CAPES AND Victorines;
Canada Sable Capes and Victorines;
Kone Martin Capes and Victorines;
Kone Martin Capes and Victorines;
Kone Martin Capes and Victorines;
Fitch (dark and speak and Victorines;
Fitch (dark and speak and Victorines;
Fitch (dark and speak and Victorines;
Cocey Capes and Victorines;
Cocey Capes and Victorines;
Muffs and Cufts of every description;
th Robes, Fur Collars, Ewan's Down, and Fur Trimess, all of which we are offering every low for cash.

PRATHER & SMITH, 429 Main st.

Christmas Presents. A SPLENBID ASSORTMENT OF LADIES' MISSES and CHILDREN'S FURS, suitable for Christme Presents, being assetul as well as ornamental, and to be add at your low prices at PRATHER & SMITH'S, 429 Main st., had at very low prices, at had at very low prices, at hetween Fourth and Fifth

FLOUR.-107 BBLS. XXX FAMILY, JUST RECEIV de24

TAIT, SON & CO., 334 Main st. TAIT, SON & CO., 334 Main st.

HOMINY.-53 BBLS. PEARL FRANKLIN MILLS, just received by TAIT, SON & CO., 334 Main st, BOLOGNAS AND DRIED BEEF.—A CHOICE STOCK of each for sale by BEANS AND PEAS.—A LARGE LOT AT LOW de24 TAIT, SON & CO., 334 Main st. SOCKS.-100 DOZEN COUNTRY WOOL SOCKS, FOR GARDNER & CO.

R. BURGE,

720 MAIN STREET, HAS NOW IN STORE AND for sale, 1,000 boxes Manufactured Tobacco, of his own make. Quality good, and price moderate.

A HOUSE AND FURNITURE, IN A DESIRA-ble portion of the city, and servants to hire. Apply to G. S-ott, or G. A. Jones, at Batman's Ntable cor. Second and Jefferson.

O GOOD FARM HAND, TO TAKE CHARGE OF A small place. Any man, with or without a family, who can come well recommended, can get employment for a year. Apply to C. H. BARKLEY. West side Floyd, bet. Market and Jederson.

NOTICE. HEREBY WARN ALL PERSONS FROM BUYING or trading for the School Board Cortificates for the month of March, 1861, since the same have seen lost by ne and payment has been stopped.

P. MEANS & McCULLUM. del7 Corner of Clay and Broadway. d12*

For the Most Acceptable HOLIDAY GIFTS! GO TO

317 Fourth St., LOUISVILLE, KY.

Who will offer for the following two weeks, con Monday, Dec. 23, 1861

Figured Black Silks at 75c, worth \$1 per yard. urple, Mauve, Scallet, &c., &c. Extra widths Silks in Red. White, and Blue, for Also, 25 patterns choice Brocade and Emb oldered

Semething Elegant and New

Silks for HOLIDAY PRESENTS, from \$18 to \$50

CHRISTMAS GIFTS

o dozen Bajou's Kid Gloves. 20 dozen Balmoral Hose, for Ladles. 50 dozen Worsted Hoods and Sontags

S, BARKER & CO.'S

S. BARKER & CO., 817 Fourth St.,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED

20 cases Bleached Sheetings and Shirtings; 20 bales Brown do do; 25 cases Prints, all brands; Which they will sell by the case or yard, low than they can be bought in this market.

Broche Long and Square Shawls; 250 Wool do 200 Gents' Traveling Shawls; Which we shall offer at a reduction of 25 per cent om our former LOW PRICES. S. BARRER & CO.

FOR THE SOLDIERS

50 dozen Army Mits. 50 dozen Woolen Comforters 200 pairs Army Blankets, in red blue and gray. S. BARKER & CO.

MERINOES. VELOURS, POPLINS, AND In every variety. Also,

DRESS GOODS, EMBROIDERIES. HOSIERY. GLOVES,

WHITE GOODS,

S. BARKER & CO.

&c., &c.

S. BARKER & CO.'S

CLOAKS! CLOAKS We will offer, on MONDAY, DEC. 23, 1861, 1 Noth Cloaks, of the most fashionable patterns, and tre prepared to make to order, CLOAKS, AT THE HURTEST NOTICE.

Army Supplies.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT this office until 5 o'clock, P. M., on Thursday, Dec. 26, 1861, for furnishing the following Subsistence stores, 375 bbls best quality Mess Pork;
500 bbls best quality Mess Beef;
50,000 lbs best quality dear Bacon Sides in casks;
50,000 bbs best quality alear Bacon Sides in casks;
2,000 bbls extra superfine Flour;
200,000 lbs best quality beload, and kiln-dried Corn
Meal in lined barrels to contain 200 lbs each;
300,000 lbs best quality Pilot Bread in well lined barrels or hickory strapped boxes, to contain 50
lbs;

5,000 galls best quality Cider Vinegar; 12,000 lbs best quality Star Candles, full weight, 02s; 20,000 bs best quality Palm Soap: 700 bushels good clear, fine, ry Salt, in strong tight, well coopered barrels, 50 lbs to the

2,500 galls good Molasses in half barrels.

No allowance made for packages—each package to be plainly marked with the contents gross and tare weights. The above to be delivered at the Commissary storehouse in Louisville, Kx., free of all charges, on or before the 3d of January, 1862.

Same quantity to be delivered, on same conditions as above, on or before the 10th of January, 1862.

Same quantity to be delivered, on same conditions as above, on or before the 17th of January, 1862.

All goods to be inspected by such persons as the Commissary of Subsistence may designate.

It is earnestly requested that the biders will confine their communications to writen blds, and more than one bid for the same article from the same parties will hall bids must be indorsed "Proposals for subsistence." and be accompanied by fair sampies, to be deposited at the storehouse on Main street.

Samples must be marked plainly with the bidder's name.

The understand reserves the right to refect any and

2,500 galls good Molasses in half barrels.

H. C. SYMONDS, Capt. & Com. of Sub.

GARDNER & CO.

Persons who forward on commission may be assured of quick sales and prompt returns.

The best brands of OYSTERS are received daily, and are of course fresh; also, A.No. I TABLE BUTTER.

All of which, with VEOETABLES of a 1 kinds, will be disposed of upon reasonable terms, and sent home to customers when ordered.

Orders for Oysters from the country are solution, not deodsm.

DICK MOORE. MADDER.-1 CASK SUPERIOR MADDER JUST

TO THE MILITARY.

GENTLEMEN:--- Having Opened Two Military Gut-Fiting Establishments, one at No. 497 Main street, next door to National Hotel a done on Fourth street, next door to the same Hotel, I would call your attention to by Stock, which consists of almost every thing a Soldier requires, such as India Rubber Clothing, and Fancy Rubber Goods of all kinds, Swords, Belts, Pistols, Knives, Drums, Fifes, Camp Chests, Beds, Stools, Mattresses, Tent Stoves and Cooking Utensils, Gloves, Underwear, Blankets, Hospital Sheeting, Gum Boots, Leggins. Horse Covers, Pouches, Pipes, Haversacks, Canteens, &c., &c., besides a host of other articles. Being prepared to manufacture many articles myself, and constantly receiving large consignments direct from the East, I am able to offer extra inducements, at both WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Officers requiring complete outfits for their Companies, also Sutlers, allowed a lib-

H. W. WILKES, Jr. No. 75 Fourth st., above Main, & No. 497 Main st., above Fourth.

A. B. SEMPLE & SONS, ARMY GOODS! ARMY GOODS!

Handled Axes; Handled Picks; Shovels and Spades; Frying Pans
Butcher Knives; Curry Combs; Log, Trace, Pitth, Stretcher,
Breast, Stay, and Coil Chains; Platform and Counter
Scales; Blacksmiths' and Carpenters' Tools;
Farriers' Knives, Hammers, Pincers and

Buttresses.

Regulation Swords, Belts, Sashes; Colt's Pistols; G. D. and Colt's Caps; Bowle Knives, &c., &c., &c.

SUTLERS' HARDWARE, IN GREAT VARIETY! ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY. OF HARTFORD, CONN. (CHARTERED IN 1819.)

JANUARY 1, 1861.

LIABILITIES. Claims, unadjusted and not due...

WE WOULD CALL THE ATTENTION OF SUTLERS AND ARMY OFFICERS TO OUR COMPLETE STOCK PRESERVED MEATS.

Oysters, Pickled and Spiced Lobsters, Fish, Sardines, Nuts, And every description of Pickles, Butter, Cheese, Tobacco & Cigars

W. H. WALKER & CO., No. 231 Main street, next door to J. M. Slokes & Son's. JOHN M. STOKES & SON. HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT

ALL KINDS OF CAMP GOODS, No. 229 MAIN ST., BET. SECOND AND THIRD, LOUISVILLE, KY.

Officers' Mess Chests and Mattresses, Army Cots. Four of the Best Patterns Gum and Woolen Army Blankets, India Rubber Coats, Pants and Leggins Camp Desks and Stools.

AND A GREAT VARIETY OF OTHER MILITARY GOODS. WE INVITE PARTICULAR ATTENTION TO OUR OFFICERS' MESS CHEST. BEING THE MOST COMplete thing for the purpose yet invented. It is very strong and compact, and contains all the Onica, Glass
Tin and Hardware, and Table Cutlery necessary to set a table for four persons. Please call and examine it.
noted the

FURNITURE

PRIME COST FOR CASH!

Or in Exchange for Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Groceries, or Produce, in Quantities to suit Purchasers. This is one of the largest and best assorted stocks of Furniture in the WEST; and having an experience of years in manufacturing, our reputation for good work is a guarantee as to the qualities and price offered for sale.

Call soon, if you want a large stock to select from, at the old stand, 229 Main street, between Second and Third, and 219 Third street, between Main and Market.

JOHN M. STOKES & SON.

Fine Kentucky Jeans HAVING RECONSTRUCTED my Mill, and added new machin-ery for making fine KENTUCKY JEANS WOOLEN

(which is now being worn so ex-tensively in the South and West). I am now prepared to furnish an article of superior quality, which Free from Grease and made of Pure

Native Wool.

Native Wool.

A good supply of Negro Jeans and Linsey on land. [apl3 diy2dp] L. RICHARDSON. BARGAINS

EAGLE SHOE STORE

521 Main Street.

SUTLERS. LADIES' AND MISSES' KID, GOAT AND CALP SEWED AND PEGGED BALMORALS,

Also, a large stock of BOOTS AND SHOES, n every variety, all of which we will sell very low for de3 dtf FOR OFFICERS OF THE

ARWY A LWAYS KEPT ON HAND A LARGE AND SELECT SWORDS AND SABRES. or all grades of officers; Pistols, Belts, Sashes, Passants houlder-Straps, &c. Names of officers and regiments, or any inscription

An entirely new and useful article of OFFICER'S AMMUNITION BOX! ad will prove to be a destrable object to one.

All goods of superior quality and moderate

J. HIRSCHBUHL'S Jewelry St

COAL OIL AND LAMPS!

OF EXTRA QUALITY. DOES NOT CRUST THE wick, or emit any odor in burning. Warranted the COAL OIL LAMPS, With the latest improvement in Burgers. These Lamps will give a light equal to six star candles, at a cost of paly one-fourth of a cent an hour.

DEODORIZED COAL OIL

Machine Gil. Oil for Machinery, Wagons and Carriages, equal to the TURPENTINE FOR PAINTERS. have a perfect substitute for turpentine, and war it it fully equal to turpentine for mixing paints and mishes, at half the price of turpentine. Vesper OII,

Warranted the best preparation in use for removing grease or spots from silks, ribbons, and old clothes. All the above articles sol; at the lowest rates, wholesale and retail. Every article warranted.

AT Goods sent in all directions by Express, and bills collected on delivery. no27 dtf No. 219 Fourth street, Louisville, Ky.

STRAYED OR STOLEN. ROM THE STABLE OF VDWARD HA-GAN, one large bay HoRSa: had a long tall the last both hind legs white: star in the forebead; a small class bank HoRSa: mane and tall dark; good pacer. The fluder will be well rewarded by delivering them to JOHN OAVANAUGH.

de24 d3*

WEDNESDAY MORNING......DECEMBER 25, 1861.

t. Louis Express (daily except

9.00 P. M.

LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE R. R.

Tr., Western, and Northern closes at 12:00 M., and people to understand it. Jose at 9:00 P. M. the previous evening), closes at 0:00 A.

J. and arrives at 5:00 P.M.

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The Austin Intelligencer mentions a rumor that returns receive after the inaugument of the control of the co

P.M. Shawneetown Stage (tri-weekly) closes at 12:00 at light, and arrives at 6:00 P.M. Henderson and River (tri-weekly) leaves Monday, Vednesday, and Friday, at 1:00 P.M., and arrives at 6:00 Taylorsville Stage closes at 8:00 A. M., and arrives at ### On routes where the principal mails close at 12:00 at night, the way-mails close at 9:00 at . M.

MILITARY.-The 50th regiment Indiana

Col. Bridgeland's 2d Indiana cavalry,

Ellen Riley, drunk and disorderly con-

order hereafter will be greatly increased by Somerser .- No news yet from General as to bring them to bear without delay. Schoepf's advance, and, according to reports, a week has now elapsed since he left private letters, that Col. Reilley had reached Somerset. We cannot account for it in any junction with Col. Baylor. other way than by supposing that Zollicof-

We understand that quite a number of youngsters, ranging from 18 to 25 years of age, are enjoying the hollidays by drink-from San Antonio, to carry off the 100,000 tion of our lady readers is directed to this ing rifle whisky and hurrahing for Jeff.

Davis. A short visit to the military prison.

Alex. Young, for the army. For some time,

Evening News Christmas day nor a Demo-and the moveable property, public and pri-vate, was being removed to Houston. Hon. crat Thursday morning. The News will W. P. Hill arrived at home a few days ago, be issued Thursday evening.

RETURNING .- Colonel J. V. Guthrie, of the First Kentucky Regiment, has resigned the largest calibre, shooting with accuracy the command of his regiment and is now the command of his regiment, and is now simply to invite the surrender or destruction on his way to Cincinnati, to resume his of our troops and the city, without the power position as local inspector of that port. We are pleased to learn that the Colonel is regaining his health, and gives promise of inflicting injury upon the assailants. It was thought best, therefore, under all the circumstances, to evacuate Galveston and occupy a position in the rear of the city, so

suffered the extreme penalty of the law, for announced that his next issue would be esertion, at Camp Cox, near Charleston, printed in that city, and all the other news-Va, on the 20th inst. The court-martial paper establishments, it is supposed, have was held on the 29th of November, on Tomp ed from the different fortifications, and the kins' farm. The execution took place in troops have fallen back to the terminus of resence of the First and Second Kentucky | the railroad bridge on the Island, and a still egiments and Twelfth Ohio Regiment, and larger force stationed at Virginia Point, on

that Wendell Phillips, disunionist, is Meeture there on the negro, soon, and here, any more than Southern disunionists.

Court of Appeals. FRANKFORT, Dec. 24, 1861.

ORDERS.

W. T. Samuels, Esq., of Elizabethtown, Martin Bijur, Esq., of Louisville, and E. B. Bachelier, Esq., of London, were admitted attorneys in this Court.

Hardin vs Neighbour, Hardin; set for hearing on the 9th of Janua y next.

Young vs Irwin et al, Hardin; continued.

Young et al vs Duhme et al, Harrison; motion to affirm as a delay case overruled.

Beckley et al vs Davidson et al, Davless; continued. Wehle & Muhling vs Lieber, Griffin & Co., Jefferson; submitted on briefs.

Terry et al vs inazlewood. Jefferson; argued by Judge. ubmitted on briefs.

Terry et al vs. mazlewood, Jefferson; argued by Judge
darshall for appellants. Argued by Bljur for appellee
and argument concluded by G. A.—Caldwell for appel

rigs, first and second class steam sloops, to, amounts to 107 vessels, while with urchased and chartered ones, the grand tall is 311.

The wealthiest man in all Canada, Harrison Stephens, Esq., is a native of Vermont, and owns property in New York city to an immense amount.

P. Spalding concludes a letter in the Leader

P. S .- Since penning the foregoing, I

an oath of allegianse from them. They decline to receive any pay.

A snow-shoes club—the first of the kind, we believe—has been started in Que-bec under the patronage of Lord Monck.

CLIFFORD & Co., General Commission Merchant, 226 West Main street. dec7dtf F. Grauman & Co., No. 222 Fourth fer has retreated; because the latter's camp through Houston on the 23d ult, en route to street, between Main and Market, will continue the sale, on to-morrow morning, at 10 o'clock, of the best selected stock of ladies' dress goods, blankets, prints, muslins, ladies' gloves, shees, and all articles ever

> RAYMOND & TYLER, 74 Fourth st. Country merchants and dealers gen-

other important documents. Apply as del3 d12

Hurley. See advertisement. de22 d5 WANTED .- A respectable young man, ac-

UNCURRENT MONEY .- All depreciated

been suffering with Chronic Diarrheea for the past twenty-two years, and had consulted, and received prescriptions for his case from all the principal physicians in Philadelphia and Cincinnati, but all to no effect, as he has received no relief. At last he was re

ever finding relief; but by the advice of a friend was nduced to try Hostetter's Celebrated Stomach Bitters and, to his utter surprise, found relief from the first trial; and in less than two months, found himself per fectly cured of his complaint, and is daily recovering his strength of body, and increasing in flesh; and cheerful! gives this certificate, in the hope that others afflicted

like himself may be benefitted. JOHN LEE.
Sworn and subscribed to before me, August 21, 1856. C. F. HANSELMAN, Justice of the Peace,

Or the Nicholasville (Jessamine county, Ky.) Democrat, in his issue of June 27, says:

"Dr. R. W. Roback's Remedies have been freely used by many in our midst, who unhesitatingly commend them as worthy of all confidence in those diseases for which they are recommended by the skilling Doctor, who deserves praise of the afflicted for the great blessings he has conferred upon society in the discovery of his valuable compounds. These Remedies are for sale at Capt. T. W. Old's drug store, and the afflicted in this locality are directed to his establishment for such supplies as they may need."

**For sale in Louisville by RAYMOND & TYLER and GOTTSCHALK & CO. See advertisement n another column.

WE HAVE CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND FOR sale, the best Pittsburg and Pomeroy Coal, at the lowest market price. Give us your orders.

OHICKERING & BROTHER.

NOTICE. NOTICE.

ALLEN SNOOK

ST. CHARLES RESTAURANT. Fifth st., bet. Main and Market.

QUAILS, DUCKS, WILD TURKEYS. VENISON

A FINE LUNCH, C. C. REUFER.

DISTRICT NO. 5 DISTRICT NO. 6.

which is a full line of hosiery, notions, weol- EDWARD STOKES

Hog Skins;

Also, keeps constantly on hand a general assortment 18a4dies, Bridles, Harness, and Trunks.

N. B. All orders promptly attended to at the shortest octl du

BACON.—
9 casks Bacon Shoulders;
11 tierces Sugar-cured Hams;
13 do Clear Sides; in store and for sale by
de24
TAIT, 80N & CO., 334 Main st. TAIT, SON & CO., 334 Main st. CHIEF COMMISSARY'S OFFICE,
DEPARTMENT OF THE OHIO,
Louisville, Ky., Dec. 20, 1861.

[2,000 bushels small white Beans, dry measure in lined barrels: in lined barrels;
50,000 lbs best quality Rice in lined barrels;
40,000 lbs best kiln-dried Hominy, made from prime white corn, in lined barrels;
90,000 lbs clear sound Rio Coffee;
1,500 lbs good Black Tea;
150,000 lbs best quality clean, dry Clarified Sugar in lined barrels;

GAME DEPOT. Hunters, Take Notice! THE SUBSCRIBER HAS OPENED A PROVISION STORE at No. 409 Fourth street, between Green and Jefferson streets, where he will do a Commission business for the sale of GAME, BUTTER, EGGS, &c. Persons who forward on commission may be assured of culck sales and prompt returns.

HAGLE SHOE STORE.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY BOOTS AND SHOES at your own prices. Just received—
3º cases Cavairy Grain Leather Boets;
50 cases Men's from \$1.00 to \$2.00 per pair;
40 cases Men's from \$1.00 to \$2.00 per pair;
40 cases Boys' Boots, from \$1.00 to \$2.00 per pair;
40 cases Youths' Boots, from \$1.00 to \$2.00 pairs Ladies' Boots, from \$1.00 to \$1.25;
200 pairs Misses' 00 00 00 70 to \$6 cents;
Ladies' Double Sole Boots, from \$1.00 to \$1.25;
Ladies' Double Sole Boots, from \$1.00 to \$1.25;
Ladies' Pegzed Shoes, from \$2.00 to \$1.00 to \$1.00;
Misses' Shoe \$1.00 to \$1.00 to \$1.00;
Misses' Shoe \$1.00 to \$1.00 to \$1.00;
Misses' Shoe \$1.00 to \$1.00 to \$1.00;
Misses' Shoes, from \$2.00 to \$0.00 to \$1.00;
Misses' Shoes, from \$2.00 to \$0.00 to \$1.00;
Misses' Shoes, cheap, \$2.00 market street, between Fourth and Fitth, nor.h.side, opposite the Western Hotel-deli dim

HAVE ON HAND AND ARE CONSTANTLY RE-ceiving ARMY BOOTS AND BOTERS of every variety, to which we would invite the attention of

GOATS FOR SALE.
TWO NANNIES AND ONE BILLY, ALL YOUNG
Inquire at Davis & Bacon's Stable.

del2 dtf

89,506 1 250 366,392 \$2,265,175.33

Agent of the above well known, long established, and reliable Company, I request the attention to the above statement of as Assets. Without disparagement of of WM. PRATHER, Agent.

231 Main Street. SECOND DOOR ABOVE THIRD, SOUTH SIDE, LOUISVILLE, KY.

WINES AND LIQUORS.

CUMBERLAND,

\$75,000 WORTH

AT COST FOR CASH. A S WE INTEND MAKING A CHANGE IN OUR BUSINESS, WE WILL, FROM THIS DATE, OFFER



PITKINBENJ. P. WIABDBENJ. P. AVER

Pitkin, Wiard & Co.,

(Successors to Pitkin Brothers), WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

SEEDS

WM. B. WILSON. Grass Seeds!

K ENTUCKY BLUE GRASS, ORCHARD GRASS, HEEDS GRASS, CLOVER, TIMOTHY, HUN-GARIAN, MILLET &c., &c. Also, all kinds of Garden Seeds. HORSE-POWERS, THRESHERS, PLOWS of all the ste improved patterns, GRINDING MILLS, and all kinds of FARIM IMPLIAMENTE. Also, WHITE SAND, CEMERNT, LIME, CALCINE PLASTER, LAND PLAS-TER, &c., &c. A large assoriment of the above articles in store and will be sold at low prices at

sel7 daw No. 222 West Main street, south side. J. D. BONDURANT. WHOLESALE DEALER IN

SEEDS, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS. MACHINES, TREES, PLANTS, Hydraulie Cement, Lime, Plaster, &c.

MAIN STREET, NEAR SIXTH, OPPOSITE THE Exchange Hotel, Louisville, Ky, Personal attention given to filling orders for Grain. de21 dtf GUTHRIE INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY.

Chartered Capital...... Paid and Secured.....

THIS COMPANY IS NOW organized and ready to engage in a general Fire and Marine Insurance business on liberal erms.
Office—In Basement of Southern Bank, corner of Main
Bullitt streets, Louisville, Ky.
ANDREW GRAHAM, President.
J. A. PETTON, Secretary. Directors.—W. A. Duckwall, Dennis Long, J. P. Marshall, Kearsley Carier, Jacob F. Weller, Alex. Oraig, John H. Hutchinson, Jacob L. Sur'ser, William Muselman, Jo. D. Ailen, B. C. Levi, Ben. F. Avery. my8 dinaly

Franklin Insurance Company. OFFICE OF THE FRANKLIN INSURANCE COMPANY OF LOUISVILLE, April 1, 1851,

A T A MESTING OF STOCKHOLDERS, HELD THIS day, to elect a President and twelve Directors to serve the present year, the following gentlemen were duly elected: JAMES TRABUE, President.

Ham Garvin,
Ham Garvin,
Ham Gay,
Ham Hughes,
Ham Hughes,
Ham Hughes,
Ham Hughes,
Ham Hughes,
Ham Gay,
Ham Hughes,
Ham Garvin,
Ham Garvin, illiam Garvin, illiam Gay, illiam Hughes, mes S. Lithgow, han W. Anderson, green Newson merchants and stocktraders is par-

rms. Office, corner of Main and Bullitt streets, over bmmercial Bank. ABRAHAM HITE, ap5 Secretary. F. FABEL & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF STAR & PRESSED MOLD CANDLES A LSO, OXIDE, OLIVE, GERMAN, PALM AND FAMILY SOAPS, LARD-OIL Etc., No. 145 east gide Third street, between Main and Water, Louisville, Etc. Having entirely new machinery, with the latest im-provements, a long experience and practice will en-able us turn out as good stricies, and sell them at as reasonable prices as any house in the West.

3. Orders solicited and promptly filled at the shor-st notice.

KENTUCKY MACHINE WORKS.

J. O. CAMPBELL & CO., Wood-Working Machines A. G. HODGES,

MACHINISTS' TOOLS. PERSONS IN WANT OF WOOD PLANERS, MOLD-ING MACHINES, TENNON MACHINES, &c., would do well to give us a call before going North as ell to give us a call before going North, as them cut on as good terms and in as fine manufactory.

ers' Twere Irons, of the most approvured and for sale.

1910 dtf

Socks, 100 dozen no. 1 country socks, in store

MEDICAL. GALEN'S HEAD DISPENSARY

BY THE LEGISLATURE OF KENTUCKY FOR THE TREATMENT OF ALL THE DISEASES OF THE URINARY AND GENITAL ORGANS. A MEDICAL REPORT. JUST PUBLISHED-PRICE ONLY TEN CENTS.

Ith and Disease.
NEW METHOD OF
VENEREAL DIStreating EASES, in



ted with any of the above diseases, before hemselves under the treatment of any one, stread this work, stread this work, of our entire time and attention to the treather yarlous private diseases treated of in our Dispensary is the only Institution of the merica which has been established by a special of this fact should give it a preference over squacks of doubtril character to be found in itse. We have a Labaratory attached to our ere we prepare our own medicines; and we

Important to Females!

he Womb, Barrenness, &c. ons and examinations free of charge. Also, DEWEES'S REGULATOR PILLS-For Female dl. GALEN'S PREVENTIVE—An invaluable articl

GALEA"S HEAD DISPENSARY, Louisville, Ky.

PRIVATE MEDICAL SISPENSARI Conducted on the European Plan. For the Cure of all Private Diseases THOSE PRIVATE DISCASSES

THOSE SPINOR BY WITE

Any disease of a p. teate noture, who would escape the imposition of ignorant quecks,
should not fail to read "Da.
Garse Fravate Menional Tarkeiss on Saxual Discasses," a new
and revised edition of one inndred pages, handsomely filius
trated with plates and engravings, representing the sential or
treating on an orivate diseases incident to both sexes,
unch as general arrowns and sexual deblifty, softrary
asbits, seminal wakness, impotence, etc. Price by mail
tent dents.

EDDLE-AGA, and OLD MEN, who, by indulging d vigor by making immediate application.

I LADIES.—Dr. Gates is agent for M. LA
FRENCH PREVENTIVE POWDERS B
those who, from any cause, wish to limit the
fitheir offspring, can do so without danger to
constitution. Price by mail, \$2 and two postor MADAM CAPRAUL'S FEMALE MONTHLY

as they are arre to preduce unicorring.

at a distance who wish to be corred at nome receipt of a brief statement of their case such questions as we would ask on a per-tew, and, on receipt of the list filled out, we medicines particularly adapted to the case

d medicines partioniarly to any part of the lamage of observation, to any part of the tah full directions for use.

ations may be held from S.A. M. to P. M., (en only S.A. M. to H.A. M.), at his office, northeast third and Market streets, up stairs—private the conducted of the street. Lonisville, Ry. Dr. GATES will counsel with Dr. H. G. M. on all dissel with Dr. H. W. W. Schotshilten ob treats, or he may be consulted during business hours. site. Don't forget the name and side be addressed to DR. H. G. MILLER Louisville Ry HEADQUARTERS U.S. ARMY OFFICERS'

YOU ARE RESPECTFULLY REQUESTED TO EX-Officers' Outfits. ore laying in your supply. It comprises in Ready

sefore laying in your supply. It comprises in Readyslade Clothing—
Dress Coats for Infantry, Cavalry and Artillery;
Dress Pants for do do do:
Dress Yests for do do do:
Overcoats, regulation styles;
Fatigue Fults.
Net and Flannel Under and Overshirts;
Gauntiets, Gloves, Suspenders and Socks;
Shoulder-Straps, Swords, Knots, &c., &c.
In shert everything necessary to complete an Officer's
Wardrobe. Officers preferring to have their Uniforms made to order by measure, will find a large assortment of piece goods to select from.
Orders respectfully solicited.
J. WINTER & CO.,
del7 dim Merchant Tailors.

ONLY TILL CHRISTMAS! GOODS OFFERED IN RETAIL

MANUFACTURERS PRICES!

The Store No. 413 Jefferson st., south side, bet. Fourth & Fifth, Is now opened for the closing out of a large importation of fresh and fashionable

DRY GOODS. Such as SILKS, SHAWLS, CLOAKS, MANTILLAS, etc., as well as a great variety of

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods. The Goods are all marked in plain figures, and will be offered in this market AT FABULOUSLY LOW PRICES. Remember No. 413 Jefferson st.

del dtde25 KENTUCKY HOOP SKIRT

MANUFACTORY. To the Ladies of Louisville!

HAVING OPENBD A RETAIL DEPARTMENT FOR the sale excusively of my celebrated HOOP SKIRTS on FOURTH STREET, UNDER THE MASONIC HALL (No. 5), particular attention is directed to our stock, which consists of every variety of the latest styles of SKIRTS, made of the very finest tempered sieel, and put together in the most artistic and durable manner

THE PRICES WILL DEFY ALL POSSIBLE COMPETITION. Old Skirts repaired in the most elegant style AT WHOLESALE the prices will be kept 10 per cent below New York rates, oc30 d3meod M. GORFUNKEL, Agent. M. GORFUNKEL, Agent.

ARMY AND SUTLERS' GOODS.

690 BOXES WESTERN RESERVE CHEESE;
16 bbis Bologna;
100 kegs Pigs Feet;
16 bbis do do;
250 boxes No. 1 Herring;
1,600 lbs roll Butter;
2,000 lbs Dried Beet;
2,000 lbs Dried Beet;
2,000 lbs Pigs;
4,0-0 Union Portfolios;
200,000 Union Envelopes;
200 reams Note Paper,
Also-Pocket Ink-Stands, Pen-Holders, Pens, Ink,
Blacking, Pencils, Pocket Combs, Tobacco Boxes, Port
Monnaies, Emory Paper, &c. A large stock for sale at
living rates.
degi diw

PURE CANNEL COAL OIL AT REDUCED RATES.

TREASURER. No. 408 Main street, 4th door below Fourth street, LOUISVILLE, KY.,

will be the most approvate. It is a sine of the most approvate of th

is Oil is guaranteed to be particular in add from, or mixed with carbon or well oil R. I. CRAWFORD, Agent.

TAX COLLECTORS' SALE. WE AS CITY, RAILROAD, AND WATER TAX
Collectors for the Eastern District for the year
1861, will expose for sale, at public auction, before the
Courthouse door, in the city of Louisville, the following
described personal property of Hester Wizoskie, between the hours of 10°clock, A. M., and 3°clock, P. M.,
JANUARY 18, 1861, to satisfy the City and Railroad
Taxes, and costs of sale, due by said Wizoski, for the
year 1861. Terms cash:
Two Divans; 6 80°a Chairs; 1 Arm Chair; 1 small Stand
T-ble; 1 Landscape Picture; 3 Window Sh drs; 2 Carpets and Rug; 1 (flobe Lam; 1 Sofa; 1 Mahoganv Sideboard, 1 small Table; 1 Mantle Cock; 1 Castor; 6 Glass
Goblets; 6 Jedly Glasses; 4 Preserve Stands; 1 Cannon
Stove; 2 Lookinggiasses; 1 Stand Table with leaves; 1
Walnut Washistand; 1 Lounge and Mattress, and 1 Tin
Safe.

T. T. SUMMERS, City Tax Col., E. D. G. T. MAY, R.R. & Water Tax Col., E. D.

ALLEN A. HALL. (OF NASHVILLE, TENN.)
WILL ATTEND TO BUSINESS OF EVERY KIND
which requires to be transacted before any Department of the Government. He will give special attention to cases in which property or monies have been
seized under the late act of Congress.

def d2m

HURLEY'S

QUICK YEAST! THIS ARTICLE IS PREPARED EXPRESSLY FOR family use. It will answer all the purposes of Brewer's Yeast, in making all kinds of Light Bread, Biscut, Buckwheat Cakes, Rolls, &c
Prepared and sold by THOS. A. HURLEY, delf dim Green st, bet, Sixth and Seventh, n. s.

FOR HIRE. 2 NEGRO MEN-GOOD FIELD HANGS; 1 negro Boy, 16 years old-good field hand; 2 negro Boys, 18 years old-good porters or house servants;
3 negro Women—good cooks.
For particulars apply to

del7 dtf South side Main, bet. First and Second sts. SADDLERY. JAMES TREASY. SADDLES, HARNESS, BRIDLES, COLLARS, &c., wholesale and retail.

OORNER STH AND MARKET STS. Hudson's Bay Sable Furs.

SET OF LARGE AND ELEGANT HUDSON'S BAY Sable Furs (large Cape, Mud, and Cuds), worth \$250, ill be sold for \$200, at de21 PRATHER & SMITH'S, 429 Main street. Cement, Lime, &c. 500 BBLN HYDRAULIC CEMENT:
500 bbls White Stone Lime;
100 bbls White Sand, for sale by
de22 d&w PITKIN. WIARD & CO.

WANTED TO EXCHANGE AN IMPROVED FARM IN Jefferson county, By., for Lands in Hillinois or national and the services are services and the services are services and the services and the services are services are services and the services are services are services and the services are services are services are services are services and the services are ser

Porkhouse Tools. CLEAVERS, HOG SCRAPERS, BUTCHER KNIVES Saws, Wheelbarrows, Scales, &c., &c., for sale by A. MosRIDE, 221 Third street,

 $\mathbf{x}^{\mathbf{X}}\mathbf{x}^{\mathbf{X}}\mathbf{x}$ WE HAVE RECRIVED, BY LATE CONSIGNMENT a full supply of

PITTSBURG ALE!

Brewed expr-ssly for FALL AND WINTER USE, which we are able to dispose of at prices to suit the times, in barrels, half-barrels, and kegs, or bottled for family use. This Ale is highly recommended by physicians for medicinal purposes. Being the sole agents in Louisville for the celebrated Brewers Rhodes & Verner, and A. Woods, Pittsburg, We can confidently recommend our stock of ALE and PORTER to the public patronage. LUFE & EVANS, Crystal Palace, Corner of Fifth and Jefferson streets, notil dewly

DAVID FERGUSON H. Ferguson & Son,

FAMILY FLOUR LOUISVILLE, RENTUCKY. BEST BRANDS OF FAMILY FLOUR CONSTANT-by on hand. Flour delivered to any part of the city ree of charge.

REMOVAL.

Brandeis & Crawford, Grain Dealers, HAVE REMOVED TO THE NEW WAREHOUSE ON the southwest corner of Main and First streets.

We will pay the highest market price for all kinds of torain, delivered at our store or at any good shipping odint on the Ohio river.
de28 dtf BRANDEIS & CRAWFORD. SODA.-2: BOXES BI UARB SODA, PUUND PA-pers, just received and for sale by GARDNER & CO. COFFEE.-133 BAGS PRIME RIO COFFEE JUST MISCELLANEOUS.

JUST RECEIVED! NEW MUSIC, BY EXPRESS! HAVE JUST RECEIVED THE FOLLOWING NEW

BONGS.

Our Banner of Glory-National Hymn; beauti-Our Banner of Giory—Nature
fully illustrated.

Dreams—by F. H. Hodges.
Be of Good Caeer—by Alfred Hopper.
Sword of Bunker Hill—llus*rated.
Rock Me to rieep, Mother—by Von Smit.
Dixte for the Union.
Jessle of Dundae—by C. Kunkel.

8weetheart—by M. W. Baife.
8weet Love, Good Night to Thee—by J. L. Hatten. INSTRUMENTAL. avenir de Jeune Age, Fantaisie—by Victorine

Belles of New York—Concert Waltz; by Satter 75
Peri Waltzes—Chas D'Aloert. 40
Dream of the Wanderer—Brinley Richards. 35
Porest Glade Waltz—C. Kunky ... 30
La Petite Chapele—Os ar Schmidt. 30
Lunstics Last Waltz—Fred Bever. 30 Lunaite's Lust Waltz-Fred Bever.
La Priere Exancse- Answer to Maiden's Prayer
— by Thekla Badarzawska.
Union Grand March—by Saffery.
Aurora Mazurka—by Harinig.
Solventr de Cecilian, Mazurka—by Charles
McEvoy. Call soon. Central Music House, 310 west Jefferson street

IN HIS NEW STORE, Adjoining Bank of Louisville, MAIN STREET South Side, between Third and Fourth.

DEALER AND IMPORTER IN Trimming Goods. Curtain Materials, Carpeting, Oil-Cloths,

HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS! AS FOR QUANTITY, QUALITY, BEAUTY, AND CHEAPNESS, THIS HOUSE HAS NO EQUAL.

I will be pleased to see all of my old customers.

FECTS OF JAS. OTT, DEC'D, AT AUCTION. I will be pleased to see all of my old customers and as many new mes as possible.

Therefore, I have procured the services of E. A. RANDALL, late of the New York Cash Store, as Salesman. Jel din HINZEN, ROSEN & CO.,



MARKET STREET. NORT SIDE, BETWEEN SIXTH AND SEVENTE LOUISVILLE, KY. Always on hand a complete assortment of PI-ANOS at reasonable prices. 1a23 dawly

CARPETS CURTAIN MATERIAL Shades, Cornices, Bands, MARSEILLES SPREADS,

LINEN GOODS, DRUGGETS, WITH EVERY VARIETY OF HOUSE FURNISH-ings, all of LATE IMPORTATIONS, which we are offering at Importers' prices. FOR CASH ONLY!
attention is invited to our fine stock of these

HITE & SMALL, Main street, between Third and Fourth, Third door west of Bonk of Louisville

GREAT BARGAINS DRY GOODS. HAVING DETERMINED TO MAKE A CHANGE at nour business on or before the first day of January next, we will offer from this day, our large and well assorted stock of

FANCY DRY GOODS At GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. Many articles will be sold FAR BELOW COST OF IMPORTATION.

MARKI & DOWNS, sell WATER WORKS. THOS. WILLIAMS..... THOS. WILLIAMS & CO.,

North side of Market, bet. Third & Fourth North side of Market, bet. Third & Fourth,

HAVE PREPARED TO INTRODUCE WATER INTO

Dwellings, Stores, Factories, etc., in connection
with the Louisville Water Co., on reasonable terms.

Having bad a long experience in the business, we
guarantee all of our work to be done in a proper man gnarantee all of our work to be done in a proper man ner. Water Closets, Wash Basins, Bathing Apparatus, Sluks and everything in he Plumbing line, furnished and put up.

Camp Equipage.

Officers' Camp Chest. THE MOST COMPLETE ARTICLE OF THE KIND ever invented. Call and see it.

ocl9 dantf Fourth st., near National Hotel.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS! -AT THE-CHEAP LACE STORE!

REAL VALENCE LACE COLLARS;

Real Valence Lace Collars and Sleeves;
Real Brussel Lace Collars and Coffs;
Real Valence Lace Handkerchiefs;
Sleeves a la Parislenne (entirely new);
Black Crape Collars (new petterns);
Linen Cambric Mourning Handkerchiefs.

Also, a small lot of

PATENT FLUTING IRONS (best in market), just received and for sale at my usual low prices for cash.

CHAS. F. RAUCHFUSS Cheap Lace Store,

del2

309 Fourth street (old No \$9).

C. L. S. MATTHEWS. COMMISSION & FORWARDING MERCHANT.

Produce Dealer, No. 124 Fourth Street, West Side, between oc31 Main and the River. ABNER COOPER,

WHOLESALE Commission Merchant,

Butter, Cheese and Western Produce, ARMY AND SUTLERS' SUPPLIES. 145 Fourth street, bet. Main and the River, LOUISVILLE, KY. Cash advances made. Orde s promptly filled.

Horse Pails, &c. 50 DOZEN HEAVY, THREE HOOP, IRON BAIL, flush bottom Horse Pail, the best article in the market;
250 dozen painted Pails; all colors;
50 do do ½ do do;
125 do do ¼ do do;
150 do do ¼ do do;
150 do do toy do do;
Together with Tu-s, Clothes Pins, Washboards, &c., just eceived and for sale by
ORRIN RAWSON.

del4 d&w 338 Main st . bet Third and Fourth U. S. OFFICERS AND SUTLERS. MONGST OUR ASSORTMENT OF CHOICE GRO-cerles, we have Black and Green Teas: Java and lo Coffee: Chocolate, Cocoa, and Broma; Brown and efined Sugars; Spices; Worcestershire and other auces; Wainut, Mushroom aud Tomato Catsupe; kng-sh Pickles, assorted; American, English and French ustards; Anchovies; Sardines; Spiced Salmon, in cans-resh Cove Ovsters; Fresh I obsters and Salmon; Smosed allbut and Salmon; Smoked Herring; Salmon and lackerel in kits and half kits; Fresh Tomatoes; Green orn; Fresh Peaches and other Fruits, in cans: Pre-erves; Jel les; Raisins; Currants, &c., for sale on mod-rate terms.

J. T. LANHAM & CO., Importers of Teas. &c., 315 Third street de6 DUPONT'S AND HAZARD'S GUNPOWDER WE HAVE ON HAND A FULL STOOK OF DU-PONT'S and HAZARD'S RIFLE and BLASTING POWDER, which we continue to sell at the lowest mar-

The reputation and well-known superiority of our provider prohibits the necessity of our giving it to parties to obtain their certificates.

We guarantee all the Powder we sell to be SUPERIOR to any other brands manufactored in the United States.

OFFICE OF OUTY POWDER MAGAZINE,

NO. 477 MAIN SPREER.

A V. DUPONT & OO GEORGE GERLACH. Restaurant and Beer Saloon,

No. 307 THIRD STREET THE CHOICEST @OYSTERS! SERVED IN EVERY STYLE, AND ALL GAME IN

Sits season. The nest Lager seer that can be obtained (out no liquors) will be served. The proprietors respect fully solicit a share of the public patronage. Albert Ebelman, a skillful and experienced cook, one of the best in the city, presides over the cuisine, and will give the keenest satisfaction.

SERVED IN EVERY STYLE, AND ALL GAME IN Grider from a distance promptly filled. [del4 d2m]

Birst and Second. Orders from a distance promptly filled. [del4 d2m]

Bulbous Roofs.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT JUSTRECEIVED, OF Hyacinths, Tulips, Narcissus, and Clocus, for sale by the keenest satisfaction.

AMUSEMENTS.

Louisville Theater. CORNER OF FOURTH AND GREEN STREETS.

Mrs. MARY LORTON......LESSEE Mr. J. M. DAWSON....STAGE MANAGER Mr. THOS. J. CAREY......TREASURER

*First night of the Grand Spectacular Fairy Play of the FAIRY AND THE DEMON. THIS EVENING, AND EVERY EVENING UNTIL further notice. will be performed the above beautiful Speciacle arranged expressly for the Louisville Theater, and which has appropriate in a style of magnificence heretofore unrequalled by any production for the Christmas Holling, embrended for the favor of the Louisville unbile, embrencing magnificent Seenery, new, rich, and beautiful Coscumes, grand Ballet, Combats, Properties, all regardless of expense. For particulars see small bills.

AP Private Boxes \$5. Dress Circle and Parquette 80c. Fam'ly Circle 75c. Gallery 10c. AP Dors open at ½ to 7 and Curtain rises at 7½ o'clock. The particulars, see small bills.

PUBLIC SALES. SPECIAL AUCTION SALE

BY L. KAHN & CO.

No. 404 MAIN STREET.

BY CATALOGUE. On Friday, Dec. 27th, 1861,

COMMENCING AT 10 O'CLOCK, WE WILL SELL COMMENCING AT 10 O'CLOCK, WE WILL SELL Calarge stock of Dry Goods, received since last sale, such as Canton Flannel, Bleached Domestics, Ladies Dress Goods, Gent's Underwear, Buckskin Gloves and Gauntiets, Suspenders, Gent's Shawis, Ladies' Shawis, Alarge line of Satinets and Cas-ineres, Farmer's Satin, Doeskins, Beavers, Brown Coths, Bed Quilts, Girgham, Bed Tickings, and Lustres. A smail lot of Shoes and Brogans, with a time assortment of Notlons, &c. We Invite dealers and the trade generally to this sale, with a time assortment of Notlons, &c. We Invite dealers and the trade generally to this sale, see the goods are all fresh and of superior quality, and our orders are to sel without reserve.

Terms—Cash on delivery, de25 d2

L. KAHN & CO., Auctioneers.

BY C. C. SPENCER. FECIS OF JAS. OTT. DEC'D, AT AUCTION.

ON SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 4, 1862, I will sell, by or fer of Jas. Timmonds, Administrator of the estate of James H. Ott, deceased, to the highest bidder, all the personal effects of faild dec'd, at his late stider, all the personal effects of faild dec'd, at his late some of the failer, over the Hotel de Raine, situated on son the state of Main and Second streets, in which will be successful a fine lot of Furniture, and other articles, in part as for a fine lot of Furniture, and other articles, in part as for a fine lot of Furniture, and Decanters, in great variety. The successful and the lot of Furniture, and Decanters, in great variety. The successful and the succ C. C. SPENCER.

STEAMBOATS.

For Owensboro, Evansville and Henderson. The splendid swift running passenger steamer steamer EUGENE, A. M. Davidson, Master, D. F. Sayre, clerk, will leave for the above and all intermediate ports on FRIDAY, December the 27th, at 5 o'clock, P. M., positively, from Portland.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to B. J. CAFFREY, Agent, tf No. 50 Fourth street.

REGULAR PACKET. For Owensboro, Evansville and Henderson The splendid passenger steamer BIG GREY EAGLE.

Master, will leave Louisville for the above points every Monday and Friday at 5 F. M.

For freight or passage apply on bland. de8 dtf

REGULAR PACKET. For Madison and Carrollton.

The new and substantial passenger

AST CHANGE OF TIME! WE CINCINNATI & LOUISVILLE U. S. MAIL LINE STEAMERS. The Steamers of this will leave for

UINGUNATI

STREY DAY AV 19 O'CLOSE PARGENTA

Oh insures the making of the 6 o'clock morning con

ton by railroad from Cincinnati to the North and nection by railroad from Uncinnati to the North and main. For freight or passage, apply to SONGE-Mail Line Whatflood, foot of Third st. sem

MILLINERY: FOR CASH ONLY Mrs. J. A. BEATTIE

is now opening a fresh stock of seasonable Paris Millinery Embracing all articles in this line, which she will sell wholesale or retail, at very low rates for cash only.

Orders promptly and faithfully filled.

Mrs. J. A. BEATTIE.
100 FOURTH ST., LOUISVILLE, KY. I AM PREPARED TO FURNISH REGIMENTS OR Companies with Camp Stoves, Camp Kettles, Plates, Army Cups, Knives and Forks, Spoons, Canteens, Mess Paus, Cots, Camp Stools, &c., on short notice.

P. M. JONES, October 1 Pourth st., near National Hotel. Most Important Arrival! ANDERSON'S

NEW STOCK OF

Military& Civilian's Goods TO BE MADE TO ORDER AT THE LOWEST CASH

209 THIRD ST. The Military department is controlled with exper

ANDERSON, DUNIHUE & CO., 530 MAIN STREET HAVE FOR SALE A LARGE AND DESIRABLE

DRY GOODS. SILK GOOD?,

FANOY GOODS, AND NOTIONS,

AT LOW PRICES, For Cash Only! Until January 1, 1862.

REMOVAL.

MILLINERY GOODS. MRS. MAYERS

HAS REMOVED HER ESTABLISHMENT FROM the south side of Market, between Third and No. 302 Fourth Street, West side, between Market and Jefferson streets, next door to Martin & Crumbaugh's dry goods store. n26 dtf

A. BLAND'S Exchange and Banking Office, 332 MARKET STREET,

LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.

UNGURRENT MONEY BOUGHT AT BEST RATES.

Money received on deposit, and Collections promptly attended to. Cigars! Cigars! Cigars! S. B. McGILL.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN AND IMPORTER OF

Cigars. Tobacco, Snuff, Pipes, &c. A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF THE BEST BRANDS of Cigars and Tobacco kept constantly on hand. COAL! COAL! COAL!

M ESSRS. T. W. BRIGGS & CO., WHOLESALE AND Retail Coal Dealers. Office No. 135 Market st., bet.

TELEGRAPHIC.

AMERICAN MINISTER TO BRAZIL DE-MANDS THE REMOVAL OF GOV. MARAUHAM!

Mason and Slidell to be Forwarded

Europe!

MEXICAN TREATY REFERRED! RUMORED ACTION OF SECY CHASE!

News from the South---Contributions Charleston Sufferers--- Lawlessness in Richmond!

Rebel Report of the Green River Battle! REBELS REJOICING OVER ABOLITION

Further Good News from Otterville. Mo. Latest from Santa Fe-Governor,s Message-Congratulates the Legislature on the Position of Affairs in

New Mexico! PRICE AGAIN RETREATING!

News from the Maryland and Va. Border ANOTHER COSTLY BRIDGE AND STATION HOUSE BUBNED IN MISSOURI

Retribution at Hand. The Deceived Indians Deserting the Rebel Cause ... A Battle Expected in Ark., Between Col. Cooper and Apoth-lehole!

Phelp's Proclamation not yet on the

Main Land!

Damage to the North Missouri Railroad! XXXVIIth Congress-First Session. WASHINGTON, Dec. 24 -Senate. - Several petitions were presented, praying for the emancipation of the slaves of rebels without compensation, and those of loyal masters compensation.

Mr. Howe gave notice that he would in-troduce a bill to amend the fugitive slave

The Senate then went into Executive ession, on the opening of the doors whereof, the Senate adjourned until Thursday. CHICAGO, Dec. 24.—The Memphis Appeal of the 19th, has the following: 4 Our Richmond correspondent says that, in addition to the \$250,000 appropriated by the Confederate Congress, for the relief of the Charleston sufferers, the Legislature of Virginia will appropriate \$200,000. Collections were also taken up in the churches on the 15th inst. Our correspondent also on the 15th inst. Our correspondent also says, to such a frightful extent has violence increased in Richmond, that the city bids fair to become as infamous as Baltimore or Naples ever were. Shootings and stabbings

are an every day occurrence."

The Appeal publishes the telegraph reports of the foreign news, and remarks: What will be the course of the trembling tyrant at Washington we are unable to say, but presume that he and his astute advisers will refuse to take up the gauntlet so fear-lessly offered by Britain. It thinks that the action of the Federal Government will engender such a state of sentiment in France and England as to secure a speedy recog-nition of the Southern Confederacy.

aggeration characterizes the report of the Slidell upon the ground of illegal capture, battle at Camp Alleghaney, in Western Virginia. General Milroy is reported killed. The Federal loss is set down at 500 killed, while the rebels acknowledge a loss of 20 would be given up on request. killed and 97 wounded. The Appeal rejoices at the movements of

cal Abolitionists in Congress, in for us which the bayonet and bullet would be tardy to achieve. discouraging news from the Indian country. rebels. The Creeks, Cherokees and Seminoles are deserting the rebel cause in large numbers, and have joined Apothleyhole, who was encamped about Big Bend, Ark., with 4,000 Indians, well armed with rifles, revolvers and

knives, naked to the waist, to oppose this force. The rebels had a small force under Colonel Cooper, who was clamorous for reinforce ments. A battle is daily expected, as the wo armies are only a few miles apart. The New Orleans Delta of the 17th says the naval commander of the Federal fleet forbade the transmission of Gen. Phelps' proclamation ashore and threatened to fire nto any boat that attempted to carry it.

The Fort Smith News, of the 12th, learns from the telegraph operator at Fayetteville hat about 1,000 men have been arrested in Madison and Carroll counties. The Nashville Union, of the 17th, has the gratifying assurance that Lincoln's mes-sage had produced a complete revolution

\$100,000 for the relief of the Charleston

among the Union men.

sufferers. KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 24 —The Santa Fe mail, with dates to the 9th inst., has arrived. The Territorial Legislature met on the 2d and on the 4th Gov. Conelly read his annual message to the joint session of both Houses. The Governor recommends that all the Indian tribes be placed on a reservation under very strict regulations, as the only way to prevent the constant recurrence of troubles with them. He advises a thorough revision of all territorial laws and says many of the laws for the protection of slave property are unnecessarily severe and rigorous, and recommends that they be modified or repealed. In relation to the national strife, he says: I am proud to say that my loyal political fellow-citizens of New Mexico have manfully responded to their country's call, and contributed more than a fair proportion of devotion to the Union cause. This is flattering, from the fact that when the strife began, and for some time after it had been in progress, it was presumed by the princpal movers of the scheme, that our territory would join them in their attempts to pull down the pillars of free government, and rejoice with them in the midst of the wreck and desolation produced by their evil mach-inations. This patriotic outpouring of men has removed all cause of suspicion which may have been excited in the minds of our countrymen in the loyal States. In reference to the position we occupy in connection

with the war, a more positive demonstration to our beloved institutions cannot be given than that which New Mexico has, in this instance, shown. For weal or woe, this is the position she will occupy to the end An Indian force still remains about Fort Fillmore, but they have not ventured to however, to say that our army now in the field is amply sufficient, not only for the protection of our people north of that district, but to expel the invaders from our limits. This will be done as soon as supplies and transportation can be accumulated in quantities sufficient to answer the de-mands of the army destined for operations in that quarter. The military commander has made some wise and judicions distribu-tions of troops which remain for the pro-tection of the frontier during the absence of the forces employed in the recenture of of the forces employed in the recapture of the forts disgracefully surrendered into the hands of the enemies of our government.

WARRENTON, Mo., Dec. 24.—The damage to the North Missouri railroad may be sum-med up as follows: Bridges at Sturgeon, Centralia, Mexico, Jeffersontown and War-Centralis, Mexico, Jeffersontown and Warrenton burned; also one station, and perhaps twenty cars, from fifty to sixty culverts, large and small; three- or four water stations, 10,000 ties, from 200 to 300 telegraph poles, and five miles of iron and ten miles of wire were rendered useless. Two trains, one having eight car loads of hogs and several cars of hemp, and the other having

two cars of merchandise, are in the pesses sion of the rebels, and four engines are lying where they can be seized by them. Some of the men who belonged to the trains have arrived here, from whom I learn that the persons who did the damage are yet engaged along the road, about 500 strong; and other bodies are at or near Martinsburg, Mexico, Centralia, Sturgeon and Allen. At Centralia they went within half a mile of the camp of the Berge Sharpshooters and destroyed a bridge and water station, and two freight trains were captured within 14 miles of the camp of a detachment of the same force. At Reynick the force was directed by practical railroad men, and the right course was always taken to make the destruction complete; when the track was taken up the rails were removed, the ties gathered in piles and set on fire and the rails were thrown across the pile so that when the centre of the rails became heated the weight of the cold ends bent them so as to render them useless. In destroying the bridges, the fires were kindled around the corners where they would sooner throw the bridge down, and the spans over the open culverts were burned with the ties to heat the rails, as were also the frames on which the water tanks stood. The houses of the railroad men and of all Union men in the vicinity of the road were surrounded, and the inhabit-ants were assured that no harm was intended them while they remained in doors. We hear of scarcely any pillage or any other outrage beyond the destruction of the road

least a month will be required to repair it so trains can pass.

and telegraph line. The damage to the road cannot fall short of \$300,000, and at

artillery. Intelligence received yesterday from the him.

as pickets. ceived arms, is now at Hancock. General kelley's advance guard extends to that place, besides guarding the railroad all the called out—"Hey, bring that cow back." way from Cumberland.

carry a dispatch to the other side. New York, Dec. 24.-The London Times says private letters from Rio Janeiro, state that General Webb, American Minister, had

sent a demand to the Brazilian Government that the Governor of Maranham be superceded for having allowed coal to be supplied to the pirate Sumter. A report is quite current in the street this morning, that Slidell and Mason are to be restored to liberty and sent forward to England to-morrow by the Europa. The sources from which this information is said to be derived are French, with some confir

mation from those who are supposed to

have unusual facilities for early information from English connections, though the report may prove to be unfounded. WARRENTON, Dec. 24 -By an arrival from Mexico, we learn that the bridge over Salt river, which is the longest and most costly on the road, except that at Perreque, which the rebels spared on Friday night, was en-tirely destroyed on Sunday night. The against us. station-house at Jacksonville was also burned, together with four or five cars. The repairs progress rapidly here. The bridge is repaired and the culverts between here and Jonesburg, and the track at that place, will be completed to-morrow, if the men are not interfered with, and the repairs of

the telegraph line will keep pace with those of the road. New York, Dec. 24 .- The Express states that a rumor prevails this afternoon, saying nition of the Southern Confederacy.

The rebel account of the Green river fight with Mr. Seward, the latter showed to min places the Federal loss at 75 killed and a letter that he had written to Mr. Adams ten days ago, in which he said that if the condition of the rebel loss at four killed ten days ago, in which he said that if the wounded, and the rebel loss at four killed and one mortally wounded. The same exand as contrary to the law of nations, and county, met with a singular accident on Sunday evening last. She was sitting in would consider their surrender as settling the principles for both governments, they

OTTERVILLE, Mo., Dec. 24 .- The cavalry which General Pope sent to Lexington have returned. In addition to the two ferries speaking upon emancipation schemes, and says: "Our people rather like this species of legislation, inasmuch as it wins victories willed the notorious Arkansas Robinson, and drove every band of rebels from the The Fort Smith News, of the 12th, has They report the country quite clear of the JEFFERSON CITY, Mo, Dec. 24 .- A gentleman who has been with the rebel army

several weeks arrived here to-day, and

reports that on Thursday last Price's camp at Osceola was thrown into confusion by the

They beat a hasty retreat, and when last heard from were at Hernanville, hurrying three miles. South. WASHINGTON, Dec. 24 .- Special to the N. Y. Commercial .- It is not expected that Congress will transact further business until after New Years. The Mexican treaty is before the Senate Committee, but will

not be reported upon until after the holidays. Gen. Lander has recovered from the wounds he received at Leesburg. Atchison, Kansas, Dec. 24. -Orders have been given to several agents of the Overland Mail Company to take no more express freight from any source until further orders.

This is in consequence of the company The Georgia Legislature has appropriated having been fined by the government for reported neglect of mail matter.

> but it won't save them. FINANCE AND TRADE. OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE DEMOCRAT
> Tuesday Evening, December 24. The market to-day has been dull in the department of flour, grain, and groceries, while sales of tobacco have been very spirited. The bulk of sales, especially of manufactured tobacco, has been to the north, some of the factories not being able to supply the demand. We have no change to report in the money market. FLOUR AND GRAIN—Sales of flour in small lots to home trade at \$4.62 to 0. Sales of 500 bushels wheat at 75.685c. GROCERIES—Sales of 500 bushels wheat at 75.685c. 10%c. 12 bbis molasses at 46c; and 10 bags coffee at 22c. BEANS—Sal s 100 bbls best white at \$1 65.6175. BUTTER AND CRESSE—Sales of 700 lbs butter at 14.6016c.

BUTTER AND CHERSE—Sales of 700 lbs butter at 14@16c. 45 boxes cheese at 55@05:

HAY—Sales from levee of 50 tons \$12 50@13; small sales from store at \$14.

GUNNY BAGS—Small sales at 15c.

MANUSACTURED TONACCO—Sales of 50 boxes low grade

Ky, and Tenn., at 13@18; 3) Va. at 30@4°; 7 boxes and

25 caddies Ky, at 20@27; 30 boxes do at 20; and 20 cases

smoking at 2°,

WHISKY—Sales of 25 bbls at 14c.

Tolacco—Sales to-day of 41 hnds, as follows: 1 at \$4 35;
4 at \$5 25@3 75; 8 at \$5@6 70; 9 at \$7@7 85; 3 at \$8 20@

\$65; 3 at \$9@9 30; 4 at \$10@10 75; 6 at \$11@11 50; 3 at

\$12@12 50. HOGS.

The weather has been very favorable to-day, but

operations have been confined mostly to cutting up,

only 1,100 hogs having been killed to day, making the total to date of 67,589, with 1,800 in pens. There have been no sales of hogs or products, and we quote the market weak at \$3@3 15. "AROUND THE FALLS." Killed to-day. To date. In pens. 8,638 4,470 15,653 2,162 9,150 12,769 1,900 6,837

61.579 Total..... ...1,100 MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Cincinnati, December 24, P. M.

Flour unchanged and very duil. Wheat declined 3c per bushel, and cosed duil at 83@35c for red, 86@89c for white. Oats declined to 29c, and duil. Corn steady at 28c. Rye and barley unchanged. Whisky steady at 13%c. Hogs duil and heavy and not in demand, 2 000 solo at \$3 10@3 20; receipts 3,600 head. The total receipts for the week, as given by the Price Current, is 6,800 head, which swell the receipts for the season to 283 000, being 20,000 greater than those of the correspond ng time last year. Mess pork very duil, and good city brands were offered at \$9. Lard declined to 65@7c, with sales of 800 bbls and tlerves. Green meats declined to 200, cand duil. Bulk meats are nominal at 3@10c, and toul. Bulk meats are nominal at 30c, 100c, cand now held 3c higher. Molasses in active demand; sales of 600 bbls at 42@43c, now held at 45c. The money market is unchanged; Rio sells at 193@05%. The money market is unchanged and quiet. Exchange steady at 3c premium. CINCINNATI, December 24, P. M.

steady at ½ premium.

NEW YORK, December 24 P. M.

Flour market dull and heavy, lower; sales 12,400 bbls. at \$5 25(6) 50 for super western; at \$5 55(6) 75 for extra western. Whisky slightly in favor of buyers, sales of 450 bbls at 19(2) 0 cts. Wheat very 'ltrm, the sales include 9,600 bushels of winter and western at \$1 36(6) 140, and 2,000 bushels of amber Michigan at \$1 21. Rye firm; sales of 9,500 bushels at 83 cents, Pork quiet End without material change; sales of 300 bbls at \$12 22(6) 12 75 for mess. The government contracts for extra mess and army beef was awarded at \$13 75(6) 14 25. Dressed hogs very firm at \$4 25(6) 50.

SMITH & SMYSER. | de22 d5

RIVER MATTERS.

ARRIVAIS. - The Major Anderson, from Cincin with an assorted cargo; Emma Duncan, from Cincinnati with an assorted cargo; Emma Duncan, from St. Louis, with a full load of produce, bound to Cincinnati, to which she added quite a large amount at New Albany; Trio, from the mouth of the Kentucky river, with a tolerable tripe of head of the control of th lerable trip of hay and produce: Masonic Gen

the Kentucky river, with the same; Poland from Evans-ville, discharging a small lot of corn DEPARTURES .- Major Anderson, for Cincinnati, with her usual trip of freight and passengers; Trio, for Carrollton; Masonic Gem, for Kentucky river, both with medium cargoes; Poland, for Cincinnati, full load. RIVER AND WEATHER.—Water rising, with five and a half feet in the canal, by the mark. Weather clear and

The Cincinnati Enquirer of vesterday has the

The local Inspectors of this port vesterday concluded their investigation of the collision between the ateamers Belle Crecle and Preestone, opposite the Little Miant Riverson the 29th of November, by which the former wassumk, but afterward raised. The inspectors find that hereole was according the Ohio, near the Kentucky shore, her proper place in the river, and that her pilot hew the steam whistle one blast, signifying that she intend to keep up that shore. The Freestone then seven to eight hundred yards distant, descending the river, answed the Crecle's whistle by two blasts of the whistle, and make for the Kentucky shore, when, by continuing down the middle of the river, her proper place, she should have occasioned one whistle and no accident would have occasioned the result of this violation of the pilots rules by the continuing down the middle of the river, her proper place, she should have occasioned one whistle and no accident would have occasioned to the Freestone, the steamers collided. The Inspectors have decided the act was the result of Freestone, and have suspended his il cense as a punishment. The local Inspectors of this port yesterday cor

LENDING TO THE LORD .- A poor man, some of whose family were sick, lived near Deacon Murray, and occasionally called upon him for a supply of milk. One morning he came while the family were at breakfast. Mrs. Murray rose to wait upon him, but the Deacon said to her—"Wait till after breakfast." She did so, WILLIAMSPORT, MD, Dec. 24.—The rebel and meanwhile the Deacon made inquiries force threatening this point probably does of the man concerning his family and cirnot exceed 7,000 men, with 4 pieces of cumstances. After family worship the Deacon invited him to go out to the barn with

other side shows that the rebel commander, being foiled in all his attempts, has withdrawn his entire force towards Martins claimed—"There, take that cow, and drive burg, leaving only three or four companies her home." The man thanked him heartily for the cow, and started home; but the The 39th Illinois regiment, having re- Deacon was observed to stand in the atti-The man looked around, and the Deacon J. B. Wharton, a relative of ex-Senator Mason, residing at Cedar Spring, is under arrest for attempting to bribe a picket to came back into the yard again, the Deacon and dispetch to the ather side. said-"There now, take your pick out of the cows. I sin't going to lend the Lord the poorest cow I've got.

THE ATTITUDE OF FRANCE.-The Moniteur—the official journal par excellence— records the facts of the Mason and Slidell case, but with characteristic reticence, holds its opinions in abeyance. The Presse the Siecle, and the Opinion Nationale, while admitting the serious character of the complications, all justify the act of Capt. Wilkes as legal. The Debats, organ of the Orleanists, shows that the seizure of the rebel commissioners was justifiable and warranted by the preredents established by England herself. The Constitutionnel, the Patrie and the Pays, on the other hand stigmatize the act as outrageous, and unauthorized by international law; but, when it is remembered that these three journals are the least influential in Paris, we have a right to presume that their unfavorable opinion will weigh but little in the scale

Hon. Jas. X. McLanahan, of Chambersburg, Pa., former member of Congress from that State, died suddenly in New York on Monday night last. He was born at Antrim, Franklin country, in 1808, was educated at Dickinson College, Carlisle, and afterwards studied for the bar. He settled in Chambersburg, and soon took a high rank in his prefession. in his profession. In 1841 he was elected to the Pennsylvania Senate. In 1849 and 1851 he was elected to Congress, and made a most faithful and excellent member. He has not appeared in public life since his retirement from Congress.

SINGULAR ACCIDENT FROM A GUN -Mrs.

John Willis, residing at Palermo, Oswego

the room rocking a cradle with one foot, when a loaded rifle, which was standing or hanging against the wall, was thrown down by the jar of some one shutting the door. and discharged-the ball passing over the cradle and entering her leg below the One of the bones was struck and badly shattered. THE PENSACOLA .- The new man-of-war Pensacola is still lying down at Alexandria, blockaded by the rebel batteries on the Potomac. Her armament is now complete,

except one gun. She has now twenty two

68-pounders, and will take on a 150-pound gun in a few days. When ready for service,

she can throw 600 pounds of shot and shell news that the Federals were upon them every discharge, and in one hour can fire twenty tons, at a distance of from two to THE MINERAL OIL BUSINESS .- The Petroleum oil business at Allegheny city, Pa, is said to be immense. The wharves are crowded with it, and flatboats are constantly taking it away. Numbers of refineries have been erected, but they cannot supply the demand. Crude oil is sold there at 15

cents per gallon, the refined oil 42 cents for the best qualities, prices which pay liberally CAN THE REBELS SAVE THEIR BACON? We say No! First, because they have no salt. The Southern winter, which is only for a few weeks, has now come, and there is not salt enough in the whole South for table use, saying nothing about their pork. They are trying a substitute for salt petro

On the south walt of a church at Lewisham, Kent, is a monument to a woman of great excellence: "Elizabeth, wife of Major General Hamilton, who was married near forty-seven years, and never did one thing to displease her husband!" A frightful catastrophe is reported to have occurred near Sarahsville, Noble County, Ohio, a few nights since. The dwelling house of Gill Moore took fire in

the night, and burned to the ground, with Mrs. Moore and four children inside in bed asleep. They were all utterly consumed.

Notice to Owners of Property. GRADING AND PAVING OF SIDEWALKS. The owners of lots and parts of lots designated below are hereby informed that dinances have been passed by the General Council, approved and published, requiring he grading and paving of the sidewalks in front of their respective lots; and if they fail to have the same properly done within thirty days from the date hereof, the work will be done under a contract at the expense of lot owners, as provided for in the 3d section of the 7th article of the City Charter; all drains from lots or houses to be conveyed under the sidewalks in iron pipes, in accordance with the ordinance regulating the same; said work, when executed, to be received by the City Engineer, and if not done in every respect in accordance with spedifications rugulating side-1,500 walk paving, to be repaired at the expense

To grade and pave sidewalks on the north side of Madison street, btween Preston and Jackson streets.

George Shoemaker ... Jas. Gray Mary Brown ... John Henneberger Bridget Butler ... Mrs. H. A Hunter.

J. M. DRLPH, Mayor. Mayor's Office, Dec. 16, 1861. d17 d10

Notice to Pump Contractors. Proposals for bids will be received at my office until Friday, December 27, 1861, 12 o'clock M., for repairing and keeping in repair the public pumps in the Eastern and Western Districts, for the space of three years from the 1st of January, 1862 Bids for each district to be made separate, and the usual security required.

de22 d5 J. M. Delph, Mayor.

Southern Reports of Events.

The Memphis Avalanche, of the 16th, contains the following dispatches and

items: NASHVILLE, Dec. 15 -Zollicoffer crossed the Cumberland river at Mill Spring and advanced four miles toward merset. On the 8th inst. a skirmish took place between his pickets and those of Lincoln's army in Somerset. Thirteen Lin-colnies were killed and fourteen taken On our side one man was wounded and one horse killed. The enemy's killed and wounded both belong to the 7th Ohio Regiment.

A company of Lincoln cavalry on picket duty at Fishing Creek was attacked the same day by our cavalry and chased six miles. In the panic the Lincolnites threw away their guns, pistols, and blankets. The people in that section of Kentucky gladly welcome Zollicoffer's army, and furnish them subsistence at ordinary prices.

NASHVILLE, Dec. 15 .- A special dispatch from Bowlinggreen, dated the 15th, from Bowlinggreen, dated the 15th, says hat the Cincinnati Commercial of the 11th states that a court of inquiry has pronounced Gen. Sherman, of Kentucky, insane. Gen. Buell's advance on Green river is to

be the signal of a general advance by the

The following gentlemen have been elected to the Provisional Congress from Kentucky; First district, H. C. Burnett; Second, John Thomas; Third, Geo. W. Ewing; Fourth, D. P. White; Fifth, L. Burnett; Sixth, John M. Elliott; Seventh, S. H. Ford; Eighth, Thomas Johnson; Tenth, George B. Hodge. Scouts from Green river report that the Federals are repairing the railroad bridge, with batteries planted on the nerth side to protect the workmen. There are no Feder-

RICHMOND, December 14,-Official intelligence has been received here that the Federals, 5,000 strong, attacked Colonel Edward Johnston's command in Valley Mountain on the 13th, but were repulsed with great loss, after an engagement of seven hours. The battle commenced at 7 o'clock in the forenoon. Johnson's force was 1,200, but has since been reinforced by two region geographer, originally published, in 1848, ments. Johnson is a Virginian, and gradusted at West Point, but commands the twelfth Georgia regiment.

ley Mountain, there is nothing of interest at the other camps. Ben. McCulloch has arived here. In Congress nothing of public interest has transpired.

Our advices from Columbus are to the effect that the recent advance of Federals from Paducah upon Camp Beauregard was a feint, if even that. About three thousand Federals marched out as far as Vienna, about thirty-six miles from Columbus, on the railroad, and after burning a lumber pile and a dwelling house they returned. They did not come even as far as Mayfield. A report was circulated in Columbus that the Federals, with a force of twenty thousand strong, were back of New Madrid, but it was not believed by those well in-

The opinion prevailed at Columbus that the Federals would never come down as long as that frightful looking thing, the "Manassas," was there. That is regarded as the best defense of Columbus. The Fed. erals are greatlly afraid of it, and are certain to run at its approach.

On Friday there was a grand review of the forces, and the scene was grand and

The receipts of cotton during the master points. The to 121 bales, all of which went to interfor points. The to 121 bales, all of which went to interfor points. The shipments amounted 55 bales. Up to this date last veer the receipts were 187,559 bales: the shipments 182,783 bales. The stock on hand was 50,000 bales; its at present bales. The stock on hand was 50,000 bales; the stock on the stock of the st the receipts were 187,559 bales: the shipments 162,783 bales. The stock on hand was 50,000 bales; it is at present 3,142 bales.

The New Orleans papers of the 13th inst., report the sale of 69 bales of cotton on terms not reported; 160 bales for future delivery, at \$6 for middling, and 20 bales at 160. In sugar, 1,400 hhds sold at the advance of the previous dar. Morasses further advanced, and there was a good demand at 176,995 for common to choice fermenting; 14, 19% and 20c for prime to choice, 5,990 half barrels prime to choice sold at 25c.

The Crescent says of flour: The market is dull and drooping. There is little or no competition among sellers, and we are informed the transactions are being suppressed. The reported sales comprise 150 barrels at \$9 for fine, and \$10.50 for superfine: 78 barrels fine at \$9.20, and 78 bbls or linary extra at \$14.12% per barrel.

Mexico.

ENGLAND REJECTS THE PROFFERED SATISFAC-

[From the London Morning Post, of Nov. 30.]

We are glad to be able to inform our readers that the Mexican Government is fully alive to the urgency of our claims and the necessity of at once accepting them. We understand that Government has received by the last mail information of the agreement of Mexico to a convention, by which our requirements are one and all fully conceded. Sir Charles Wyke, powerfully seconded, no doubt, by the rumors of our intentions, which must have crossed the conclude terms by which full satisfaction is given to us; and the Mexican Government alarmed, in all probability, for the consequence of its own conduct, has complied with the demands which we had hitherto addressed in vain to its sense of justice, and which we had sent out a naval expedition te enforce. The capitulation on the part of the Government of Mexico is, we understand, unequivocal and complete.

We are to have compensation for out rages, the repayment of money stolen, and the fuifilment of the engagements which the Mexican Government has by treaty stipu-

lated towards the bondholders. The certainty that the wrongs and insults which we have so long endured at the hands of the Mexican people would at last provoke vigorous measures of retaliation has dawned upon Juarez and his colleagues just in time to induce an attempt to arrest the blow which was about to fall upon them. The change which has now taken place in Mexican counsels is, perhaps, the more satisfactory that it has been brought about only by the apprehension, and not by the fact, of

military interference.

But the attempt to stave off our active interference, and to separate us from our allies, is in vair. We shall not accept the prof fered satisfaction; and our fleet, with those of France and Spain, will proceed to seize upon the ports and customs of Mexico. We shall not trust the faith of Mexicans, not even when they bring peace-offerings. The intervention in the affairs of the Republic will, therefore, pursue its course, and we shall make assurance doubly sure. We cannot afford to play first and loose in a matter in which we are acting with other as against outrageous perfidy. We must adjust these matters once for all. We may safely expect that, upon the arrival of the fleets and the seizure of the ports, we shall obtain material guarantees for all which is now so readily offered, but which we decline to accept upon the mere faith of a Mexican Government bound only by its signature of a treaty. The prompt adjustment of our claims against this Republic will be at this allow us to divert our Mexican squadron towards whatever duties the hostile conduct of the Government of Washington may require us to perform in the waters of the

Northern Atlantic.

Navy Intelligence. The sloops-of-war Macedonian and Con-tellation have been ordered to be refitted and to cruise in foreign seas for the protection of American commerce. The Constellation is a 22 gun sloop, rebuilt at Norfolk in 1854. She was the last on duty on the Mediterranean station in 1857-8, under the command of Captain H. Bell. should not require much refltting to make her seaworthy. The Macedonian is also a 22 gun sloop, was rebuilt at Norfolk in Shaker BROOMS.—10 DOZEN FOR SALE BY HIBBITT & SON.

1886, and has been lying in ordinary at Boston for some time past. She will require U. S. DISTRICT COURT. U. S. DISTRICT COURT

a thorough overhauling.

The business at the Brooklyn Navy Yard

schooner. The new side wheel steamer Octorars has been coppered and the guards of her wheels are nearly finished.

UNITED STATE: OF AMERICA.

DISTRICT OF KINTUCKY \ statement \ statement \ Statement \ Manuella \ Manuella

boat Huron is receiving her guns. The sloop-of-war Housatonic has her spars on sloop-of-war Housatonic has her spars on board, and will be ready for sea in a few weeks. The gunboat Wachusett is ready to receive her spars and rigging. The San Jacinto is being put in excellent trim, She will have nearly a new set of rigging, and is undergoing a thorough overhauling, from stem to stern.

The stands of rigging and the sand so resaid. When the said of said Court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming the said property, or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said District Gourt, to be hed in Louisville, at Federal Court Hall, in and for the said District of Kentucky, on the first Monday in January, 1862, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.

W. A. MERILWE HER, Deputy, del7 dl4 for A. H. SNEED, U. S. M., K. D. stem to stern.

At the Philadelphia Navy Yard, the Sciota, Union, Powhatan, Brooklyn, Tahoma, and Miami are ready for sea and will leave in a short time.

The University Quarterly for October contains, in the course of an archæological collection at Yale College, a translation of a curious Chinese eulogy on Washington, from the works of a Chinese in a work called Ting Hiran Chiliolo, i. e., General Survey of the Maritime Circuit, a Excepting the news of the victory at Val- Universal Geography, by Su Ki-yue, of I do her Wutai, in Shansi, Lieutenant Governor of Fuhkien. The translation is by Dr. Bradley, United States Consul at Ningpo; No. 1.

"It is evident that Washington was a remarkable man. In devising plans he was more decided than Chin Shing or Wu Kwang; in winning a country he was braver than Tsau Tsau or Liu Pi. Wielding his four feet falchion, he extended frontiers thousands of miles, and then refused to usurp the regal dignity or transmit it to his posterity, but first established rules for an elective administration. Where in the world can be found such a public spirit? Truly, the (embodiment) sentiments of the dynasties have all at once unexpectedly appeared in our day! In ruling the state he promoted and fostered good customs, and did not depend on military merit. In this formal transfer is a spirit to the control of the united States, and praying that the same be condemned as forested.

let all put him to death.' He therefore retained only twenty men-of-war and ten thousand troops in pay. Since then the borders of the land have greatly extended, and the nation has increased largely in its resources, so that it is very rich.'

SALTPETER AND ARMS. - Some uneasiness has been created here by the announcement in recent English papers that large quantities of saltpeter bought in England account on our government had been stopped. We are able to say on the highest authority that this step cannot in the least embarrass us. The government has on hand now an immense supply of this nec-essary article, most of which has been in store since the war of 1812. The amount of saltpeter now in government stores is, we are assured, sufficient for all emergen cies; and we suppose the recent purchases in Europe, if any were really made, were intended only to add to the present store in proportion as it was diminished in the course of the war, in accordance with that policy which induces every great govern-ment to keep on hand of this article at all times sufficient for a war of twenty or thirty Atlantic, has been able to negotiate and conclude terms by which is negotiate and As to arms, we are able to help ourselves

We have not only arms manufactories, but we have the means and knowledge to construct new machinery whenever it may be needed. The machinery by which the best service muskets and rifles used for the British army are made, at Woolwich, in England, was constructed in this country for the British government, and an Amer ican mechanic set it up in its place, and taught the British to work it. It is evident that what our workmen have done for others they can do for themselves and for their own

Of lead and iron we have inexhaustible quantities at home; and of sulphur, if the supply should run low, of which there is at present no danger, we can get as much as we need from the volcanic districts of Mexico .- New York Evening Post.

FROM SOMERSET .- A letter received in Frankfort, dated at Somerset on the 18th,

Oar troops went out to-day in search of Zollicoffer, taking two roads; one line came in contact with rebel pickets, shot a few shells at them and made a charge, when they took to the brush, leaving blankets, knapsacks, and other articles. Our pickets got within thirty yards of their rear guard, but only had about twenty cavalry, and they had about one hundred, and we did not take any prisoners. Our troops went within two miles of their camp and returned to-night. This was only a feeler to find out their locality and view the ground. I think we will move on them in a day or two. All the troops are much pleased with the trip, and are impatient for a forward movement powers, in the name of common civilization, Zollicoffer has not less than 6,000 troops in position, but not as much or as good artilery as we have.

The rumor of an invasion from Cumberland Gap, by Crittenden, is again revived. The Postmaster at London writes, Decem-

ber 20: The secesh are marching on us. We have but 500 of Col. Garrard's men and 300 Home juncture the more opportune in that it will Guards. The enemy amount to 6,000; but we will stand and give them a warm reception.

R. A. SHRADER & CO WHISKY, BRANDY, WINES, &C Market St., above Brook, north side, se20 d LOUISVILLE, KY.

FAMILY FLOUR. WE HAVE IN STORE FOR PAMILY USE—
100 bbis 4. W. Smith's XXX family Flour;
75 do Adriatic Mills, A No. I extra family Flour;
90 do G. W. Smith's do do do;
90 do Otter Creek Mills, double extra do do;
90 do Pacific Mills do do do;
90 do Sack Flour.

H. FERGUSON & SON,
25 dtf Fifth street, north of Market.

a thorough overhauling.

The business at the Brooklyn Navy Yard does not appear to have been at all effected by the adverse tone of the news from Great Britain. The ordinary routine work was pushed on as rapidly as possible, but beyond that nothing was done. The movements at the yard were as follows:

The purchased brig Ohio arrived to be armed and put into commission. She is intended for the blockading fleet and is pierced for four 32 pounders. The steamer Western World was hauled down to the yard to receive armament, which will consist of two 32 pounders and one Parrott gun. The bark Pursuit left the yard and anchored off the battery, where she will remain until she receives her powder from the magazine on Ellis' Island. The steamer E. B. Hale also went off the battery for the same purpose. The sloop-of-war Oneida hauled down the yard under the shears to receive her masted schooner. The new side wheel steamer

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

DISTATES OF AMERICA.

Vistal District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the Illth day of December, 1861, by James Harian, Esq. Attorney of the United States, against sixten, pits of the United States, and praise in substance that Charles B Cotton, or the period to block tin were shipped from the tity and port of Louisville, in said District, on the 19th day of September, 1861, selze sain pigs of block tin as forfeited to the use of the United States; that said pigs of tlock tin became thereby for fell united States, and praying that they be and appear before the said District, on the 19th day of September, 1861, selze and propers of the United States, and praying that they shall pigs of block tin and orts of tunited States, and the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, purpose, there is the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.

Now, theref • UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

WHEREAS, AN INFORMATION HAS BEEN PILED of her wheels are nearly finished.

At the Charlestown Navy Yard, the work on the Vermont has been hurried forward at an unusual rate, and she will be ready for sea in two or three weeks. The gunboat Kennebee is receiving her guns. The Saginaw is under sailing orders. The sidewheel steamer Maratanza will go into the dry dock in a few days for coppering. The gunboat Chocura has her engines on board, and is shortly expected at the yard to receive her masts and rigging. The gunboat Huron is receiving her guns. The slope of war Housatonic has her spars on board and that sail property was shipped from the city and port of Louisville, in said District, did, on and thus forfeited to the use of the United States; that the same that the receive her masts and rigging. The gunboat Chocura has her engines on board, and is shortly expected at the yard to receive her masts and rigging. The gunboat Huron is receiving her guns. The sloop-of-war Housatonic has her spars on board, and that said property thereby became forfeited to the condemned as forfeited as afvesaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition, under the said stated and the sloop-of-war Housatonic has her spars on board, and the said property thereby became forfeited to the condemned as forfeited as afvesaid.

del7 dl4

W. A. MERIWEJ HER, Deputy, for A. H. SNEED, U. S. M., K. D.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

DISTRICT OF KENTUCKY.

SS

WHEREAS, AN INFORMATION HAS BEEN FILED in the District Court of the United States, for the District of Kentucky, on the Illth day of December, 1861, by James Harlan, 1882, Attorney of the United States, ior the District of Kentucky, in behalf of the United States, against four pigs of block tin, aleging in substance that Charles & Cotton, Surveyor of the port of Louisville, in said District, did, on the 25th day of August, 1861, setze said tin as forfeited to the use of the United States; that said tin was shipped from the city and port of Louisville, in said District, on the 25th day of August, 1861, to the State of Tennessee, in violation of the act of Congress and the Proclamation of the President of the United States, interdicting all commercial intercourse between the citizens of said state and the citizens of other States and ports of the United States, and praying that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition, under the seal of the said Gourt, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming the said tin, or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said Bistrict Court, to be h-ld in Louisville, at Federal Court, Hall, in and Jor said District, on the first Monday in January, 1862, then and there to interpose their casims and make their allegations in that behalf.

W. A. MERIWETHER, Deputy, for A. H. SNEED. U. S. M., K. D.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

did not depend on military merit. In this he differed from all other nations.

I have seen his portrait; his air and form are grand and imposing in a remarkable degree. Ah! who would not call him a hero.

No. 2.

"Washington, having delivered the said better to be held in Louisville, at Federal Court Hall, In and for the said bistrict of Kentucky, on the first Anonday in January, 1802, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.

W. A. MERIWETHER, Deputy, del7 did the said better to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.

W. A. MERIWETHER, Deputy, del7 did the said better to be held in Louisville, at Federal Court Hall, In and for the said better the said better to be held in Louisville, at Regarding the said better to be the said better to be held in Louisville, at Regarding the said better the said better the said better to be held in Louisville, at Regarding the said better the said better to be held in Louisville, at Regarding the said better the

Transpired when our informant left.

Gen. Jeff. Thompson, the inevitable, is still at work. His last work was the surrounding a Federal force guarding a bridge between Charleston and Bird's Point, killing four and capturing two of the Hessians. Southern Markets.

We copy the following from the Memphis Appeal of the 18th:

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We copy the following from the Memphis Appeal of the 18th:

We copy the following from the Memphis Appeal of the 18th:

We copy the following from the Memphis App tions of the Treasury Department of the United States; and that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States, and praying that the same may be condemned as torfeited as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, in persuance of the monition, under the seal of the said Court, to me directed and delivered. I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said artice s, or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said District Court, to be held in Louisville, at Federal Court Hall, in and for said District, on the first Monday in January, 1862, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.

W. A. MERIWETHER, Peputy, del7 d14

W. A. MERIWETHER, Peputy, Tor A. H. SNEED, U. S. M., K. D.

del7 d14 for A. H SNEED, U. S. M., K. D.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

DISTRICT OF KENNUCKY, § 58

WHEREAS, AN INFORMATION HAS BEEN FILED

In the District Court of the United States, for the
District of Kentucky, on the 1th day of December, 1861,
by James Harlar, Esq., Attorney of the United States,
or the District of Kentucky, in behalf of the United
States, against eight packages indigo, twenty-eight
bottles lodine potash and four pair saddle banksts,
alleging in substance that Charles B. Cotton, Surveyor
of the port of Louisville, in said District, did, on the
16th day of September, 1861, soize said articles as forfried to the use of the United States; that said article
ward bistrict, on the 16th day of September, 1861, to the
State of Tennessee, in violation of the act of Congress
and pristrict, on the 16th day of September, 1861, to the
State of Tennessee, in violation of the resident of the United
States, interdicting all commercial intercourse between
the citizens of said State and the citizens of other States
and ports of the United States; and that said articles
became thereby forfeited to the use of the United
States, and praying that the same may be condemned
as forfeited as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition, under
the seal of the said Court to me directed and delivered,
I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming
said articles, or in any manner interest at therein, that
they be and appear before the said District Court, to be
held in Louisville, at Federal Court Hail, in and for the
said District, on the first Monday in January, 1862, then
and there to interpose their claims and to make their
allegations in that b halt.

WA MERIWETHER, Deputy,
for A. H. SNEED, U. S. M., K. D.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

JUNEAU C. S. S. UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

del7 dl4

WA MERIWETHER. Deputy,

del7 dl4

YA MERIWETHER. Deputy,

dor A. H. SNEED. U. S. M., K. D.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

JUSTED STATES OF AMERICA.

del7 dl4 for A. M. SNEED. U. S. M., K. D.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

DISTRICT OF KENTUCKY,

WHEREAS, AN INFORMATION HAS BEEN FILED
in the District Court of the United States, for the
District of Kentucky, on the lith day of December, 1861,
by Jas. Harian, Esq. Attorney of the United States, for
the District of Kentucky, in behalf of the United States, sor
the District of Kentucky, in behalf of the United States,
against 119 gross military buttons, No. 70, 2 boxes
military buttons, No. 71, 5 pieces blue army cloth, 53½
pounds black sewing silk, No. 72, 52 gross military buttons, 81gross military buttons, No. 73, 60 gross military
buttons, 56 gross military buttons, which goods are
marked "J. M. R."—alleging in sub-stance, that Charles
B. Cotton, Surveyor of the port of Louisville, in said
District, did, on the 16th day of September, 1861, selze
said goods were shipped from the city and port of
Louisville, in said District, on the 16th day of September,
1861, to the State of Tennessee, in violation of the act of
Congress, and the Proclamation of the President of the
United States, interdicing all commercial intercourse
between the citizens of said State and the citizens of
other States and ports of the United States, and that said
articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United
States, and praying that he same may be condemned as
iorfeited as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition, under
the seal of the said Court, to me directed and delivered,
I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming the Lorfeited as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition, under the seal of the said Court, to me directed and delivered. I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming the said goods, or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said District Court, to be held in Louisville, at Federal Court Hall, in and for said District, on the first Monday in January, 1862, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their alletions in that behalf.

W. A. MERLWETTLED.

del7 del4 for A. H. SNEED U. S. M. B. D.

UNITED SFATES OF AMERICA.

DISTRICT OF KENTUCK.

WHEREAS, AN INFORMATION HAS BEEN PILED

Win the District Court of the United States for the
District of Kentucky, on the lith day of December, 1861.

by James Harian, Attorney of the United States, for
the District of Neutucky, in the half of the United States, for
the District of Neutucky, in the half of the United States, against one thousand pairs shoes, contained in seven
large boxes, marked [4], containing the numbers followling; No. 1 (152), 162 pairs men's brogans; No. 2 (153), 162
pairs men's brogans, inc; No. 3 (159), 172 pairs men's
brogans; No. 4 (155), 162 pairs men's brogans; No. 5 (166),
168 pairs men's brogans; No. 6 (157), 163 pairs men's brogans; No. 6 (156),
168 pairs men's brogans; No. 6 (157), 163 pairs men's brogans; No. 6 (156),
168 pairs men's brogans; No. 6 (157), 163 pairs men's brogans; No. 6 (156),
169 pairs men's brogans; No. 6 (157), 163 pairs men's brogans; No. 6 (158),
161 pairs men's brogans; No. 6 (157), 163 pairs men's brogans; No. 6 (158),
162 pairs men's brogans; No. 6 (157),
163 pairs men's brogans; No. 6 (157),
164 pairs men's brogans; No. 6 (157),
165 pairs men's brogans; No. 6 (158),
165 pairs men's brogans; No. 6 (157),
165 pairs men's brogans; No. 6 (158),
165 pairs men's brogans; No. 6 (157),
165 pairs men's brogans; No. 6 (158),
165 pairs men' W. A. MERIWETHER, Dep., for A. H. SNEED U. S. M. K. D.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

DISTRICT COURT

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

DISTRICT OF KENTUCKY,

\$55

WHEREAS, AN INFORMATION HAS BEEN FILED

District of Kentucky, on the 11th day of December, 1861,

by James Harlan, E-q., Atterney of the United States for the
District of Kentucky, on the 11th day of December, 1861,

by James Harlan, E-q., Atterney of the United States, against

five boxes, numbered \$2, 63, 64, 65 and 66, and contents,

contain ng drugs, medic nes, and other a tice es—alleging

in substance, that tharles B. Cotton, Surveyor of the

port of Louisville, in said District, did, on the 16th day

of September, 1861, selze said boxes and contents, as

forfeited to the use of the United States—that said boxes

and cort ents were shipp-d from the city and port of

Louisville, in said District, on the 16th day of Septem
ber, 1861, to the State of Tennessee, in violation of the

Act of Congress, and the Proclamation of the President

of the United States, interdicting all commercial inter
course between citizons of that State and that citi
zens of other States and ports of the United States,

and that said boxes and contents become thereby for
feted to the use of the United States, and praying that

the same may be condemned as forf-cited, as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition, under

the said of the said Court, to me directed and delivered,

I to hereby give pub in notice to all persons classing the

said boxes and contents, or in any manner interested

therein, that they be and appear before the said District, on the first Monday in January, 1862

there and there to interpose their calmis, and to make

their allegations in that tehals.

W. A. M.ERIWETHER, Dep.,

del4 d14 for A. H. SNEED, U. S. M. K. D.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, DISTRICT OF KENTUCKY, SS: DISTRICT OF KENTUCK, J. 585.

WHEREAS, AN INFORMATION HAS BEEN FILED in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kennucky, on the 11th day of December, 1861, by James Harlan, Esq., Attorney of the United States, as of William and Market Harlan, Esq., Attorney of the United States, as of William Woods, William Woods, as of William Woods, as of William Woods, as a state of the United States, as of William Harland Harl against nine trunks, and articles contained in trunks, numbered 39, 46, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 66 and 47, alleging in substance that Charles B. C-tton, Surveyor of the port of Louisville, in sad District, 4d, on the 20th day of September, 1861, seize said trunks and contents as forfeited to the use of the United States—that said trunks and contents were shipped from the city and port of Louisville, in said District, on the 20th day of September, 1861, to the State of Tennessee, in violation of the Act of Congress and the Proclamation of the Pres dent of the United States, interdicting all commercial intercourse by tween the citizens of other States and popts of the United States and that said trunks and contents become thereby iorfelted to the use of the United States—and praying that the same of the United States and that said trunks and contents become thereby norfelted to the use of the said Court, to me directed and delivered. I do hereby give public notice to all persons ciaming the said trunks and contents, or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said District Court, to be held in Louisville, at Federal Court Hall, in and for said District, on the first Monday in January, 1862, then and there to interpose their claims, and make their allegations in that ochaif.

W. A. MERIUMETHER, Dep., del4d14 for A. H. SNEED, U. S. M. K. D.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, DISTRICT OF KNTUCKY, SS: WHEREAS, AN INFORMATION HAS BEEN FILED WHEREAS, AN INFORMATION HAS BREN FILED in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the lith day of December, 1861, by James Harlan, Esq., Attorney of the United States for said District, in behalf of the United States, against twenty-live thousand needles—all ging in substance that Charles B. Cotton, Surveyor of the port of Louisville, in said District, dit, on the 16th day of October, 1861, seize said needles as forested to the use of the United States—that said needles were shipped from the city and port of Louisville, in said District, on the 6th day of October, to the State of Louisiana, in violation of the Act of Congress, and the Preciamation of the President of the United States, and ports of the United States—and the citizens of each State and the citizens of other States, and ports of the United States—and praying that the same may be condemned as forfeited, as sioresaid. Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under seal of the said Court, to me directed and delivered, to hereby give public notice to all persons claiming the said needles, or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said D strict Court, to be held in Louisville, at Federal Court Hall, in and for said District, on the first Monday in January, 1864, then and there to interpose their claims, and to make their allegations in that behalf W. A. MERIWETHER, Dep., for A. H. SPEED, U. S. M. K. D.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

WHEREAS, AN INFORMATION HAS BEEN FILED

Win the District Court of the United States for the
District of Kentucky, on the lith day of December, 1861,
by James Harian, Esq., Attorney of the United States for said District, in behalf of the United States for said District, in behalf of the United States, against
thirteen pieces of flannel and other articles, contained
in packages or bundles, numbered 58, 141, 142 and 113,
alleging in substance, that Charles B. Cotton, Surveyor
of the port of Lousyille, in said District, did, on the lith
day of September, 1861, seize said packages or tundles
as forfeited to the use of the United States—that said
packages or bundles were shipped from the city and
port of Lousyille, in said District, on the 11th day of
September, 1881, to the State of Tennessee, in violation
of the Act of Congress and the Proclamation of the
President of the United States, interacting all gommercial intercourse between the citizens of said State
and the citizens of other States and ports of the United
States—and that said packages or bundles became therby
forfeited to the use of the United States—and praying
that the same may be condemned as forfeited, as aloresaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under
the seal of said Court, to me directed and delivered, I
do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming the
said packages or bundles, or in any manner interested
therein, that they be and appear before the said District
Court, to be held in Louisvile, at Federal Court Hall,
in and for said District, on the first Monday of January,
1862, then and there to interpose their claims, and to
make their allegations in that behalf.

W. A. MERIWETHER, Dep.,
d14 d14

W. A. MERIWETHER, Dep.,
d14 d14

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

S. S. UNITED STATES OF AMERICA. DISTRICT OF KENTUCKY, SS:

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, St. D. DISTRICT OF KENTUCKY, St. WHEREAS, AN INFORMATION HAS BEEN FILED IN the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 11th day of December, 1861, by James Harlan, Esq., Attorney of the United States for the District of Kentucky, in behalf of the United States, against eighteen kegs of powder, alleging in substance that Charles B. Cotton, Surveyor of the District of Kentucky, in behalf of the United States, against eighteen kegs of powder, alleging in substance that Charles B. Cotton, Surveyor of the port of Louisville, in said district, did, on the — day of — selze said powder as forfeited to the use of the United States—that the said powder was shipped from the city and port of Louisville, in said district, on the — day of —, to the State of —, in violation of the President of the United States, and the proclamation of the President of the United States, interdicting all commercial intercourse between the citizens of said States and the proclamation of the President of the United States, interdicting all commercial intercourse between the citizens of said States and the proclamation of the President of the United States, interdicting all commercial intercourse between the citizens of said States and the proclamation of the President of the United States, interdicting all commercial intercourse between the citizens of said States and the proclamation of the President of the United States, interdicting all commercial intercourse between the citizens of said States and the proclamation of the President of the United States and the proclamation of the President of the United States and the proclamation of the President of the United States and the proclamation of the President of the United States and the proclamation of the President of the United States and the proclamation of the President of the United States and the proclamation of the President of the United States and the proclamation of the President of the United States and the Proclamatic of the

WHEREAS, AN INFORMATION HAS BEEN FILED

With the District Court of the United States for the
District of Kentucky, on the 11th day of December, 1861,
by James Harlan, Esq., Attorney for the United States,
in behalf of the United States against two hundred and
three yards white negro blankets and other articles contained in bundles, boxes or packages, numbered 53, 54,
102, 103, 104, 105 and 126, slleging, in substance, that
Charles B. Cotton, Surveyor of the port of Louisville, in
said District, did, on the 20th day of September, 1861,
selze said articles as forfeited to the use of the United
States; that said articles were shipped from the city and
port of Louisville, in said District, on the 20th day of
September, 1861, to the State of Tennessee, in violation
of the act of Congress and of the proclamation of the
President of the United States, interdicting all commercial intercourse between the citizens of said State
and the citizens of other States and ports of the United
States, and that said articles became, thereby, forfeited
to the use of the United States—ani praying that the
same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition, under
the sead of the said Court, to me directed and delivered,
I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming
the said articles or in any manner interested therein,
that they be and appear before the said District Court,
to be held in Louisville, at "Federal Court Hall." In and
tor said District, on the first Monday in January, 1862,
then and there to interpose the claims and to make
their allegations in that behalf.

W.A. MERLIWETHER, Dep.,
del4 d14

CONTENDED STATES OF AMERICA,

SECONDARY OF WHEREAS, AN INFORMATION HAS BEEN FILED

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, } \$85: UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

SS:

WHEREAS, AN INFORMATION HAS BEEN FILED
in the District Court of the United States for the
District of Kentucsy on the 11th day of December, 1861,
by James Harlan, 859., Attorney for the United States,
in behalf or the United States, against six pigs block
tin, twenty bundles candle-moids, and twenty pairs bed
blankets, contained in bundles or packages Nos. 50, 51,
and 52, alleging in substance that Charles E. Cotton,
Surveyor of the port of Louisville, in said District, did,
on the 18th day of September, 1861, seize said articles
as forfeited to the use of the United States—that said
articles were shipped from the city and port of Louisville, in said District, on the 18th day of September,
1861, to the State of Tennessee, in violation of the act
of Congress and the Proclamation of the President of
the United States interdicting all commercial intercourse between the citizens of said State and the citizens of other States and ports of the United States,
and that said articles became thereby forfeited to the
use of the United States, and praying that the same
may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under
the seal of the said Court, to me directed and delivered,
I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming
the said articles, or in any manner interested therein,
that they be and appear before the said District Court,
to be held in Louisville, at Federal Court Hall, in and
for said District, on the first Monday in January, 1862,
then and there to interpose their claims, and to make
their allegation in that behalf.

W. A. MERHWETHER, Dep.,
de14d14

del4 dl4 for A. H. SNEED, U. S. M. K. del4 dl4

for A. H. SNEED, U. S. M. K. D.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

DISTRICT OF KENTUCKY,

WHEREAS, AN INFORMATION HAS BEEN FILED
trict of Kentucky, on the 11th day of December, 1861, by
James Harlan, 1830... Attorney of this United States for
the District of Kentucky, in behalf of the United States for
the District of Kentucky, in behalf of the United States sagainst innety-four gray flaunel shirts and other articles contained in bundles or packages numbered 76, 77,
78, 79, 83, 84, 85, alleging, in substance, that Charles B.
Cotton, Surveyor of the Port of Louisville, in said District,
did on the 17th day of September, 1861, setze said artic es
as forfeited to the use of the U. States; that said articles were shipped from the city and port of Louisville, in said
District, on the 17th day of September, 1861, to the State
of Tennessee, in violation of the act of Congress and the
proclamation of the President of the United States interdicting all commercial intercourse between the citcans of the United States; and that said articles became thereby forfeit do the use of the United States;
and praying that the same may be condemned as forcited as aforesaid:

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

WHEREAS, AN INFORMATION HAS BEEN FILED
in the District Court of the United States, for the
District of Kentucky, on the 11th day of December, 1-61,
by James Harian, Attorney of the United States, for the
District of Kentucky, in behalf of the United States,
against 299 pairs satinet pants, 36 cassimere coats, 24,
overcoats, 49 sham coats, contained in bundles ore
packages, numbered 172, 173, 235 and 236, and particularly described in the information filed—alleging in substance, that Charles B. Cotton, Surveyor of the port of
Louisville, in said District, did, on the 23d day of August,
1861, seize said articles, as forfeited to the use of the
United States—that said articles were shipped from the
city and port of Louisville, in said District, on the 23d
day of August, 1861, to Gordonsville, Ky, and from
thence to the State of Tennessee. In violation of the Act
of Congress, and the Proclamation of the President of
United States, interdicting all commercial intercourse
between the citizens of said State and the offizens of
other rates and ports of the United States—and that
said articles become thereby forefited to the use of the
United States, and praying that the same may be condemned as forfeited, as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition, under
the seal of the said Court, to me directed and delivered,
I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming
the said articles, for in any manner interested therein,
that they be and appear before the Said Distail, soon UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, DISTRICT OF KENTUCKY, \$85

MEDICAL.

Scrofula, or King's Evil IS A CONSTITUTION AL DISEASE, A CORRUPTION of the blood, by which this fluid becomes vitilated the weak and poor. Being in the circulation, it-pervade the whole body, and may burst out in disease on any part of it. No organ is free from its attack, nor is there is one which it may not destroy. The scrofulous taint it variously caused by mercurial disease, low living, distordered er unhealthy food, impure air, flith, and flithy habits, the depressing vices, a.d. above all, by the veneral infection. Whatever be its origin, it is hereditary in the constitution, descending "from parents to children unto the third and fourth generation;" Indeed, it seems to be the rod of Him who says, "I will visit the injuities of the father upon their children."

Its effects commence by deposition from the blood of corrupt or ulcerous matter, which, in the langs, liver, and intend organs, is termed tubercles; in the glands, swellings, and on the surface, eruptions or sores. This

AYER'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA it should be employed for the cure not only of Ser
but also those other affections which erlas from it
as RRUPTIVE and SKIN DISEASES ST. AN
NYS FIRER, ROSE OF ERYSUPELAS, PUBLIS,
TULES, BLOTCHES, BLANS and BOILS, TUL
THTER AND SALT RHAUM, SCALD HEAD;
WOR S., KHEUMATISM, SYSHI, INTO HEAD;
WOR S., KHEUMATISM, SYSHI, INTO HEAD;
AND HEAD AND HEAD STANDARD AND STANDARD AN

Ayer's Ague Cure

FOR THE SPEEDY CURE OF INTERMITTENT FEVER OR FEVER AND AGUE, REMITTENT FEVER, CHILL FEVER, DUMB AGUE, PERIODICAL HEADACHE OR BILIOUS HEADACHE, AND BILIOUS FEVERS-INDEED, FOR THE WHOLE CLASS OF DISEASES ORIGI-NATING IN BILIARY DERANGEMENT, CAUSED BY THE MALARIA OF MIASMATIC COUNTRIES. WE ARE ENABLED HERE TO OFFER THE COM-If munity a remedy which, while it cures the about the perfectly harmless on quantity. Such a remedy is invaluable in distriction there these afflicting disorders prevail. This "Cuan complaints with certainty, is still perfectly harmless in any quantity. Such a remedy is invaluable in districts where these afflicting disorders prevail. This "Quan" expels the miasmatic poison of FBVER and AGUS from the system, and prevents the development of the disease, if teken on the first approach of its premonitors and the system, and prevents the development of the disease, if teken on the first approach of its premonitors and the system, and prevents the development of the cheapest. The large quantity we supply for a dollar brings it within the reach of everybody; and in billious districts, where Fever and Ague prevails, everybody should have it and use it freely both for cure and protection. It is hoped this price will place it within the reach of everybody; and in billious districts, where Fever and Ague prevails, everybody should have it and use it freely both for cure and protection. It is hoped this price will place it within the reach of all -the poor as well as the rich. A great superfority of this remedy over any other ever discovered for the speedy and certain cure of intermittents is that it contains no quinism or other injurious effects whatever upon the constitution. Those cured by it are left as healthy as if they had never had the disease. Fever and Ague is not alone the consequence of the miasmatic poison. A great variety of disorders arise from its irritation, among which are.

Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Headache, Blindness, Paintil Affection of the Spiene, Hysterics,
Paintil Affection of the Bod, and, consequently, cures them all alike. It is an invaluable propartices in minigrants and persons traveling or temporarities expels the poison from the blood, and, consequently, cures them all alike. It is an invaluable procedured ing in the mainfous districts. If taken occasionally or daily while exposed to the infe

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO. LOWELL, MASS.

10. All our remedies are for sale by R. A. Robinson & Co. and Sutcliffe & Hughes, Louisville; Alien & Co., Cincinnati, and by all dealers everywhere.

1017 deoe&watm

FIFTEEN YEARS' EXPERIENCE!

CONDUCTED OR VENERIENS, PARIS,

WHERE THOSE AFFLICTED with any form of Private Disease can receive prompt treatment without risk or exposure, viz. Syphilis, Gonorhea, Gleet, Strictures, Ulcers, Tumors, Cancers, Secondary and Constitutional Syphilis, Disease of the Kidneys, etc.

Fifteen years of extensive practice exclusively devote to the treatment of those compliants, enable as ment of those compliants, enable as ment of those compliants, enable as of less experience have falled.

Special attention given to the treatment of Nervous Debility, Impotency, Seminal Weakness, and all those distressing symptoms caused by a secret habit of vouth, which ruins the body and mind, until for the sufferer for either but liness or society. Some of the effects of these early habits are dizzness of the head, dimne s of sight, palpitation of the heart, weakness of the back and limbs, nervousness, dyspepsia, symptoms of consumption, action to society, sel-elstrust, timicity, ac.

Our remedies prevent and cure Nocturnal Emissions, give tone to the nerves, strength to the system, and coernilness to the mind.

Married men or those contemplating marriage, who are suffering from any of the above fearful maladies, can obtain permanent and speedy relief by an early application at our office.

TO THE LADIES! Dr. H. is agent for Dr. RATIER'S FRENCH PERI-DDICAL PILLS, a safe and certain remedy for Men-strual Irregularities, Obstructions, &c. Price per Mail,

strual Irregularities, Obstructions, &c. Price per Mail, \$1, and one postage stamp.

CAUTION.—There wills should not be used during open and constructions are sure to produce miscarriago. The above remedies sent by mail to any address. Patients at a distance can consult us by letter, postage stars in inclosed. star p inclosed.
Office, No. 116 Jefferson street, bet. First and Second.
All letters should be addressed

J. HAJJ., M.D.,
de8 dåw
Medical Infirmary, Louisville, Ky.

TO THE

MILITARY NOTICES.

BRAVE MEN

-OF-

KENTUCKY

UPON YOU WHO ARE WILLING TO prove your love of country by adding to defend Kentucky in this hour of peril, we call, and urse you to come with us into the rendezvous—Can,p Washington—at Shephardsville. Our regiment is rapidly filling up, and will compare with any in the service in the energy and zeal with which it is preparing to take the field. Full information will be given to all who wish to join by calling as the office of Col. Boone, on Jefferson, near Sixth street, Louisville, Ky. Come quickly. Your country needs your aid.

W. P. BOUNE, Colonel.

A. Y. JOHNSON, Leut. Col.

JOHN GAULT, JR., Major. UPON YOU WHO ARE WILLING TO

ATTENTION, CITIZENS! Another Company of Provost Guards. HAVE BREN AUTHORIZED TO RAISE A COMpany to be attached to the Provost Guard of the city of Louisville. Wages same as the regular army.

Ciffice corner of Preston and Green Streets.

de24 dtf.

To Arms! To Arms!

YOUR COUNTRY CALLS! BEING AUTHORIZED TO RECRUIT, I WANT A few more men to fill up my Company, in Colonel Boone's Regimen', Kentucky Volunteers, now in camp near Shepherdsville, Ky. \$13 paid in advance and uniform and blanket's as soon as you enli-t. \$400 Bountv and 160 acres of land at the close of the war. Repair st once to Col. Boone's Office, Jefferson street, between Fifth and Sixth, or to our office on Sixth street, between Market and Jefferson.

JOHN W. TYDINGS, de23 d6*

ATTENTION, CAVALRY! TO HORSE! W ANTED—THE ADDRESS OF CAPTAINS OF parties having Cavairy Companies not attached the any Regiment, to Join a Regiment of Hussars that a ready has 700 men in the ranks. This will be one of the kind is Kenucky. Great care will be taken to supply the wants of the men. Address by mail.

MAJ. FRANK T. FOSTER, de20 d6 P. O. Box 48, Columbia, Adair co., Ky.

GAVARY

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COMPANY IN Col. Jesse Bayles' Regiment, not in camp at the Fair Grounds, and is nearly fail. Wage from \$14 to \$22 per month; one month's wages will be paid as soon as the Company is mustered in. Horses Equipments, and Uniforms furnished. Good clothing medical attendance, and plenty to eat. Recruits an under no expense after enlisting.

This is a splendid opportunity for young men to de their country some service. Come forward boys, and let it not be sid that Indiana, Ohlo, and Illinois fight our battles, while we remain a home idle.

For further information, inquire at Philip Husser's, Butchertown, of Capt. Keurins, at Enginebausa. while we remain at home idle.

The information, inquire at Philip Husser's,

n, of Capt. Keurnss, at Enginehouse, on

near Shelby.

Capt. JNO. KEURFISS.

BACHE & ATKINS. HORSE-SHOERS National Hotel.

T. A. HARROW, Proprietor,

CORNER OF MAIN AND FOURTH STREETS Louisville, Ky.

THE NATIONAL HOTEL IS SITUATED IN THE VERY CENTER OF THE BUSINE'S PART OF THE CITY convenient to the Railroad, Telegraph and Express Offices, the Banks, Postoffice, and places of amusement and within one square of the principal Steamboat Landing.

The House has been thoroughly renovated and reflixed for the summer business, and is in better condition now than it ever was before, and to the traveling community, and persons visiting the city for business or pleasure offers every inducement for patronage. PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES. TERMS-\$1 50 PER DAY.

W. H. STOKES.

Coach and Saddlery Hardware (OLD-ESTABLISHED SADDLERY WAREHOUSE), 425 MAIN STREET, BETWEEN FIFTH AND SEXTH, Louisville, Ky.

M ERCHANTS AND MANUFACTURERS WOULD FIND IT TO THEIR INTEREST TO EXAMINE MY STORM
before making their purchases, and orders from a distance will be attended to as if made in person. Jes 1:

LOUISVILLE IRON WORKS.

F. W. M.E. R.Z.

Iron Railing, Verandas, Balconies, Iron Jails, Fire-Proof Safes
Bank Vaults, Doors, Settees, &c.,

347 GREEN STREET, SOUTH SIDE, THIRD DOOR EAST OF NEW POSTOFFIO LOUISVILLE, MY.

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD RESPECTFULLY TENDER HIS ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS the citizens of Louisville and his patrons abroad for the liberal encouragement and extens patronage shown him since he entered into business, and informs them that, by the use of sail and y adapted machinery, he is enabled and prepared to do work of every description 25 per er lower than any other similar establishment in this city or eisewhere. He hopes to close apple asses, good and handsome work, and fair living prices, to deserve the further patronage of a gen GRATES, SHUTTERS, BOLIES, do., for building purposes, made to order at short notice. He offices can be bad at my establishment, and will be sent free by mail to any person abroad desirin works. WARKANTED TO THE WORK WARKANTED TO THE WORK WARKANTED TO THE WORK WARKANTED TO THE STATE OF THE ST

COAL-LUMBER.

Coal! Coal! Coal! 1861! N. W. HUCHES, DEING SOLE AGENT FOR SEVERAL OF THE Deet PITTSBURG and YOUGHIOGHENY MINES, and having devoted his exclusive attention during the past twenty years, the COAL BUSINESS, feels him self justified in offering to the public, coal of the best quality, by the barger of boat load, or by retail, at unsuly low prices to set to the times, at his office, No. 100 Fourth atreet, between Main and Water, east side. He buys and sells exclusively FOR CASH, and guarantees his retail customers good weight, as his coal is all weighed by a sworn O Inspector.

N. W. HUGHES

WM. L. MURPHY KERPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND

a large supply of the best Pittsburg and Youghlogheny Coal. Also, the "Hartford City Coal," none
better for steam or cooking purposes; used by many
families in the city, who pronounce it nearly equal to
Pittsburg, and superior to any other new in use for steam
and family purposes. All neak is a fair trial of it, and I
warrant it will give satisfaction. Sold wholesale and
retail at the lowest cach prices.

Office, east side Third st., near Main. COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

OLMSTEAD & O'CONNOR. (SUCCESSORS TO JOS. ROBB),

Pittsburg and Peytona Cannel Coal, Sole Agents for the Pomercy Coal. ORDERS FOR ANY OF THE ABOVE COALS REest market prices. Constantly on hand, a good supply of the PRYTONA CANNEL and PRACOCK POMERDY COAL, which, for kitchen, parlor or chamber use, has no superior.

Offices—304 Third street, between Market and Jefferson, at Robb's old stand, and 302 southwest corner of Brook and Market streets.

1628 dtf

COAL. THE UNDERSIGNED KEEP CONSTANTLY ON hand a choice lot of PITTSBURG COAL, together with all other kinds kept in this market, to which they would invite the attention of buyers. Having had long experience in the business, we feel confident we can give entire satisfaction in every particular. We ask a continuance of the patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed, as well as an increase of new customers. Our office is on Market, between Sixth and Seventh streets, and on Water and First streets.

BOWSER & FULTZ.

J. N. COLLINS, Ageit and Coal Merchant, Third Street, between Market and Jefferson, west side Louisville, Ky. DERSONS DESIRING COAL OAN BE SUPPLIED AT the bost article in the market, at the lowest cash price. Please give him your orders.

Coal PITTSBURG. PEACH ORCHARD, HARTFORD CITY.

Coal. Coal. OF THE BEST QUALITY AND AT THE LOWEST
Prices for sale by

OBITTENDEN & GANTT,
Wost stde Third near Mair,

FOR SALE! BEST QUALITY OF PITTSBURG COAL AT TH lowest market price. Also, BEECH BOTTOM COAL much lower rates, by J. N. KELLOGG, Agent,

H. G. VAN SEGGERN Franklin Planing Mill, Walnut Street, between Clay and Shelby! WAREROOMS: Third Street, bet. Jefferson and Green, in old Journal Of fice Building.

LOUISVILLE, KY. MANUFACTURER OF DOORS B LINDS SASE!
MANUFACTURER OF DOORS B LINDS SASE!
MANUER, &c. Sash Primed and Glazed. Keeps
always on hand Dressed Lumber, Flooring, Shelving,
Westherboarding, etc. All kinds of Stipping, Spitting,
Scroll Sawing, regular and irregular Sash, Doors, Moldings, &c., done to order with nestness and dispatch.
A large supply of Dressed and Rough Lumber always
on hand and for sale.
All Lumber used in manufacture is kiln dried.
SOF Orders promptly attended to.

mris dawid

Motice. CURTIS & WARREN HAVE PURCHASED OF H. P. Rutter his interest in their business, said Rutter rettring therefrom. The remaining partners retain the

WE HAVE NOW ONE OF THE LARGEST AND BEST stocks of WALL PAPER in the city, which we are determined to sell at such prices as will

DEFY COMPETITION NO DAMAGED GOODS,

But will give a perfect article, NEW and FRESH, at as low a price as the damaged Paper (with which the city is flooded) can be bought. Purchasers will call and ex-amine before buying. WM. F. WOOD,

Venitian Blind Factory. JOHN F. HARVEY. No. 498 MARKET STREET, WNORTH SIDE, BETWEEN SECOND AND THIRD, PESPECTFULLY INFORMS HIS FRIENDS AND the public that he may be found at the above place, ever Mesers. Watson & Stouffer's Furniture Warerooms, where he is prepared to make to order, and will keep on hand, Venitian Blinds of every size, color and quality usual to the trade; also, to Repair, Repaint and Retrimold Blinds at short notice. From a practical knowledge of the business, and by strict attention to it, he hopes to give satisfaction to all who may dea with him, and uerit a fiberal patronage

837 Prices reasonable and terms cash. del div LOUISVILLE, RENTUCKY

W. J. HUGHES & CO., Commission Merchants AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN RAW WHISKY, FLOUR, BACON,

Sugar, Grain, Tobacco and Pro-A GENTS FOR MESSRS. T. & J. W. GAFF'S DISTIL-leries, Aurora and Lawrenceburg, Ind. Messrs. S. Howe & Co., Distillers, Patriot, Ind. Beargrass Flour Mills, Louisville, Ky. Hoosier Flour Mills, Patriot, Ind. Gaff's Flour Mills, Aurora and Lawrenceburg, Ind. No. 616 NORTH SIDE MARKET STREET, BET SIXTH AND SEVENTH, LOUISVILLE, KY. no9 diy

A HOUSE AND LOT, CENTRALLY LOCATED, on Chestnut street, between Fourth and highth cross streets. The House contains a hair and three rooms on the first floor, and four rooms of the second floor; also, kitchez and servants' rooms, with

Morris & Hogg, 05 Main Street, 3d house below Fourth. FINE WELL-MADE

CLOTHING SHOULDER-SEAM SHIRTS, All stres, in stock and made to order; LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S Farnishing Goods, Combs and Brushes, Soaps &c.

CAMP KNIVES, WITH FORKS ATTACHED. OLVERS, CARTRIDGES, or sale by

MISCELLANEOUS.

1861! FALL GOODS

No. 236 MARKETSTREET. BETWEEN BROOK AND FLOYD,

LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY. EMBRACING EVERY VARIETY OF ARTICLES suitable for the present and approaching season, consisting in part of

Cassimeres, Cassinets, Tweeds, Jeans, &c. Prints, bleached and brown Sheetings, Table Linen; Flannels and Linseys all grades; Hoop Skirts all price Embroidery, &c., &c.

Merinoes, Delaines, Traveling Goods, large

All those wishing to purchase anything in the Dry goods line, would do well to call and examine our stock A. STARR & BROTHERS. No. 236 MARKET STREET,

Water Works.

LOUISVILLE Plumbing Establishment No. 134 Third Street, near Jefferson.

Water Pipes, Hose, Hydrants, &c. WE ARE PREPARED TO INTRODUCE WATER Pipes into Dwellius, Stores and Factories, on reasonable terms. We have a rull stock of Bath Tubs, Water Closets, Shower Baths, Wark Basins, Hydrants, Hose Boxes, &c. Having a long experience in the business, we guarantee to give entire satisfaction for all work entrusted to us.

Donaly & Strader, PLUMBERS, GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

m15 dtf 5c3dp

BOOTS, SHOES, & BROGANS, AT COST! -My stock consists of the usual variety of fresh and casonable goods, and purchasers can secure bargains of applying at once. Among the many kinds I enulerate the following, viz:

Men's Heavy Wax, Kip, and Caif Boots,
Men's Heavy Wax, Kip and Caif Brogans;
Gents' Army Shoes and Boots;
Gents' Long Leg Kip and Grained Cavalry and Hunsg Boots:

men's Dutch, Kip, Calf, Grained, and Goat Boots; des' Morocco, Goat, and Gove Kid Galters and Boos' and Youths' Kip, Caif, and Grained Boots; Boys' Army Shoes, Oxfort Ties, Bootees, &c., &c., Together with a large assortment of Children's zhoes all styles and qualities.

WALKER'S EXCHANGE. Third Street, between Main and Market,

BEELL OYSTERS,
GROUSE,
QUAIL,

e Bar.

We are daily receiving Maltby's celebrated C. S. M.

n Oysters, by 'ar the finest and best flavored Oysters

t are sold in this market.

JOHN CAWEIN & CO.

AUX TROIS COULEURS! L. S. B. DE O. & L. D. RABY HIS AGENT

HIS AGENTS
HAVE JUST REFURNED FROM FRANCE
With a fine assortment of
OOGNIAC BRANDY,
ARMAGNAC and
RAU-DE-VIE DU LANGUEDOO,
All of which are of the very best quantity of
DINE LEGALORS FINE LIQUORS For fashionable Parties or Soirces.

I take pleasure in informing the public that I ust opened a Store on

Green Street, No. 320, ng the Louisville Journal Office, where persons to purchase the pure article will be sure to Fifteen Improved Farms in the State of Indiana,

FOR SALE ON TEN YEARS CREDIT CONTAINING FROM FORTY TO SLX HUNDRED AND FORTY ACRES EACH.

SOME OF THEM UNSURPASSED FOR BEAUTY and fertility, and each having a proper proportion of cleared and timbered tand. The timber is generally of the frest outsility. cleared and timbered into. The times the direct quality.

One of these is the Home Farm of the undersigned, adjoining the healthy and pleasant town of Lexington, the county seat of Scott county, Indiana, 30 miles distant from Luisville, Ky, and IT miles from Madison, Ind. The soil and location are very superior, with first-distance with the soil and beautiful to the soil and the best order

Theorems are generally in the same neighborhood; it eof various sizes and qualities, each more

SIGHT DRAFTS

FOREIGNPARTS WE HAVE MADE ARRANGEME at low figures on ENGLAND, Il the principal cities of GERMANY, I ZERLAND, BELGTUM and ECILLAND SOUTH AMERICA AND AUSTRAL GERMAN INSURANCE COMPANY EAST SIDE THIRD STREET, onld dtf Beiween Main and h

RENTOVAL.

WE HAVE TAKEN THE OFFICE FORMERLY OCcapied by Messra. A. D. Hunt & Co., and will
continue the general Banking and Oblight Time
business.
Louisville, July 14, 1861.

75,000 YARDS TENT CLOTH. IN STORE AND for sale by JAMES LOW & CO. 28 and 210 Sixth street, Louisville, Ky. TAIT, SON & CO., 34 Main st.